THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1873. [VOLUME VI---NUMBER 100

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CONSTITUTION AND SUN.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition

ATLANTA, OCTOBER 14 1873.

Summary of State News.

CAMILLA.

A stiff northwestern wind caused a hauling on of thicker clothing Monday evening last, and played havoc with female pedestrianism.—Mr. W. J. D. Culpepper, who was so severely stabbed by Mr. W. L. Davis, some two weeks ago, has almost entirely recovered.—A horse thief, about 18 years old, named Solomon, was found nicely stowed away between two bales of cotton at the Camilla depot last Friday. He is now provided with safer and closer quarters.—*Enterprise.*

AUGUSTA.

Saturday morning about 11 o'clock, A. B. Watson, a colored lawyer from Aiken, S. C., was arrested at the instance of Messrs. C. H. Lubes & Co. for mistaking their money drawer for his pocket book. Watson was carried before a magistrate who required him to give an appearance bond of $1,000. The enterprising small boys of Augusta experiment on cows and mules with shot guns, and see how far they can stand off and make them jump. One of them made a slight mistake in his distance the other day. The mule was buried last week, and the small boy will be interviewed by Judge Snead on Tuesday.—The Edgefield money market is tight. The cotton crop is poor and frost plentiful.—The Augusta cotton market was very quiet on Saturday. There were very few buyers, owing to the scarcity of money.—The first ward school trustees on Saturday elected Miss Mary E. Holliday as intermediate teacher in the ward school, which opened Monday morning.—An investigation of the room of Henry Johnson, alias Henry Meigs, colored burglar, who was caught Friday afternoon, resulted in the discovery of property which belonged to only three different parties. Henry will be called upon to explain on three different warrants.

COLUMBUS.

Harris county Superior Court, Judge Johnson presiding, began its fall session in Hamilton yesterday.—The Mayor of Columbus sets $260 to the sufferers in Shreveport Saturday.—The committees appointed to canvass the different wards are working faithfully. Columbus has already sent about $1,200 to Shreveport and Memphis.—All the white headed darkies of Columbus have gone into the wood-sawing business. About 5 o'clock in the morning a Columbus wood yard presents the appearance of an ordinary cotton patch when stirred by a gentle whirlwind.—The Eagle & Phœnix Manufacturing Company paid out on Saturday for two weeks wages to operatives $8,500.—*Sun.*

SAVANNAH.

A little affair before the Recorder Saturday arose from a certain female depositing at the house of an up-town citizen a year-old baby, which, she informed the astonished wife, was the child of her husband. The amicable entertainment which ensued between the two ladies led to the arrest of the unwelcome visitor, whose cash is now $5 short.—Dupree & Benedict are performing to crowded houses in Savannah.—Mickve Israel, a Jewish congregation, have contributed $250 for the relief of the yellow fever sufferers. A Savannah tobacco man went out last week with a gun and fishing tackle, for a day's pleasure in the woods. He shot a $75 hog, fished up a dead tom cat with twenty-five pounds of brick bats strung around its neck, and concluded he would return home.—The Savannah thieves are turning their attention to rustic baskets and flower pots.—Money matters are still very tight in Savannah. Some of the banks are issuing a currency of their own.—Rebecca Wright colored, has recently died from injuries inflicted by her drunken husband. He knocked her down and stabbed her in several places. A warrant for murder has been issued against him.—*News.*

ROME.

Mr. W. M. Duncan, formerly of Rome, was married to Miss Rosa McKenzie, a beautiful and accomplished lady of Talladega, last Tuesday evening.—*Commercial.*

ATHENS.

The panic has passed away from Athens. Money is now flowing into the city in ample quantities to meet all the wants of the mercantile community, and cotton is in great demand.—Married, at the residence of Mr. Charles Mason, in Jackson county, by Richard Hoss, Esq., on the 24 instant, Mr. Elbert Askew to Miss Mollie Mason.—A colored merchant of Athens was pounded last Friday on account of the run peace on him by his washerwoman.—The new gin house of Messrs. Hair and Jesse Almond, in Elbert county, was entirely consumed by fire on Monday night.—*Northeast Georgian.*

HAMILTON.

The headless chicken has turned up again. This time in Harris county. Its owner took off its head some three weeks ago, on a campmeeting occasion, and was considerably astonished to find that the rooster's general health remained unimpaired. His voice, however, is gradually failing. A side-show company is being organized.—The Swintord, in jail at Hendon, has acknowledged to being the man who killed Ramsey. His bondsmen will use every effort to have him in Hamilton in time for trial next week.—Captain Jack Frow, of LaGrange, pays taxes on property valued at $114 000.—Miss Talulah H. H. Henry died at the residence of Colonel J. M. Mobley, in Hamilton, on last Saturday.—*Weekly Visitor.*

WARRENTON.

The Warrenton boys amuse themselves at night discharging all the fire arms they can find in the neighborhood. The marshal went for them the other night and captured a small armory, which will be placed on exhibition at the Mayor's office this week.—At the close of a double-marriage ceremony at Gum's mill in this county, on Sunday last, a free fight was precipitated among the guests. A few heads were broken, and some good clothes ruined, but no other damage was done.—Last week the gin house, machinery, and between fourteen and seventeen bales of seed and lint cotton, belonging to Major E. A. Brickley and E. S. Cody, located about a mile from Warrenton, was totally destroyed by fire.—*Clipper.*

THOMASTON.

On Thursday last, the 2d instant, at the residence of Mr. T. J. Murphy, Mrs. Elizabeth Ellington departed this life at the advanced age of 91 years. She was buried at Antioch Church, in the evening of the same day.—On Wednesday, the 1st instant, at the residence of the lady's mother, Mr. Frank McKenney, of Thomaston, was married to Miss Regina Bailey, of Monroe county, by the Rev. Samuel Bentley.—*Herald.*

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

SUNDAY'S NEWS.

THE FINANCIAL FLUTTER.

PRESIDENT GRANT GIVES A VERY LENGTHY OPINION ABOUT IT —HE THINKS IT WILL DO GOOD — SILVER CURRENCY MUST COME BACK AGAINST INTEREST ON DEPOSITS, ETC.

WASHINGTON, October 12.—President Grant yesterday, in an interview, said he thought that the panic generally through the country differed essentially, both in cause and effect, from any similar events of which he had knowledge. When such events have heretofore taken place distrust has been occasioned as to the currency in circulation. Every one in possession of currency would rush to the banks with it or spend it in the most liberal manner, but now, currency, instead of being depreciated is actually becoming daily more valuable. He thought he saw in passing events the first steps toward resumption, for the reason that panics generally occur when the county lacks prosperity, such as from the failure of crops, over purchases from abroad, etc. In this instance the panic has occurred in the midst of the greatest general prosperity.

He believed that he was correct in saying that our exports since the beginning of the present fiscal year, have exceeded our imports and first too, at a time when comparatively no cotton, the largest single item of export, was moving. Everything we produce is in great abundance, and the demand for it abroad is beyond the supply, we have to share.

Our manufactories are prosperous, and many articles which have been imported are to a large extent not only being produced at home, but are actually competing in the supply of foreign markets. The aid recently rendered in the purchase of an unusual large number of bonds was not so much real as moral. The fact is, the money corporations of the country had become stampeded. Had not the Treasury seemed to aid them in some way, the fright would have become more general and the consequence to the country more fatal.

As it was he really believed the effect was going to be beneficial in many ways to the country at large, though the cost to some individuals, deserving of a better fate, may be severe.

A return to a specie basis can never be effected except by a shrinkage of value. This always works hard to a large class of people who keep all they are worth in margins. This shrinkage is now taken

Messrs. Phillips & Crew early, (

8 DAILY and 'tri' weekly to be

place. Disasters to individuals have already overtaken them, and it is to be sincerely hoped the advantage might be retained in order to reach a solid financial basis. Already the currency has appreciated to about par with silver.

He wondered that silver is not now pouring out. When this should take place his theory was that the country could absorb from 300,000,000 to 300,000,000 of it. This would prove a great benefit in several ways. It would supply a market for a number of years for a product of our mines now becoming a drag. It would take the place of forty millions of fractional currency, about the amount of change that experience has proved to be necessary for the transaction of business, and will become the currency, which will be bonded in small amounts. He believed that silver once more in circulation, greenbacks would never be at a discount for silver. All fluctuations from that point would be in appreciation of value of our paper money.

As to legislation, the President said that he thought much upon the subject, and if he were now engaged in writing his annual message to Congress he should recommend positive authority to reissue the forty-four millions of reserve, a free banking law, with the same protection to bill holders as now, a repeal of the clause requiring a reserve for the protection of depositors, a per centage of the other reserve to be in gold and that increased in a regular ratio until the whole reserve would be in gold. This could be solely effected by requiring such institutions to save the whole or a large percentage of the gold interest paid to banks on their bonds held by the Treasurer of the United States for the protection of bill holders.

He also favored an absolute prohibition to the payment of interest on deposits.

The President did not contend that he would be right in these recommendations, but they embodied the views which his unsided reflections had brought to him. There was no question but that much demoralizing and injurious speculation and gambling was caused by the accumulation of capital in large centers during a portion of the year when money is not required for the moving of products by the payment of interest on deposits. This leads country bankers, merchants and others to deposit in city banks, principally in New York, to make their money earn something, during the period when they do not wish to use it. Banks paying interest on deposits cannot afford to hold the money idle, hence gambling on fancy stocks millions of which as an investment would not supply a family even on the most economical manner.

The building of railroads that are not wanted, and which cannot for years pay running expenses, etc., such gambling and speculation had, he trusted, received a blow from which, he hoped, they would not recover.

The President said that unless his mind should undergo a change, he would recommend a post office bank. This would give an institution in which every body would have great confidence, within the reach of every one who can approach a money order post office. He should recommend the payment of 4 per cent. to depositors and the conversion of deposits either into outstanding United States bonds or into new 4 1-2 per cent. bonds and the taking up of a corresponding amount of those outstanding.

THE PESTILENCE.

MEMPHIS NO BETTER — HELP NEEDED.

MEMPHIS, October 13.—The receipts of the Howard Association Saturday was $488. Their daily expenses are $1,000. There is a general destitution among the poor. All kinds of contributions are acceptable. Three hundred applications at the St. Peter's asylum. The sisters are providing for them so far as able, but they are compelled to turn many unfortunate children away.

LITTLE ROCK, October 13.—Two fatal cases at Argenta, opposite here. Argenta is quarantined.

SHREVEPORT, October 13.—Telegraphers all well. Twelve interments to-day.

CHARLESTON WANTS MORE GREENBACKS ISSUED.

CHARLESTON, October 12.—The News and Courier, in a leading editorial, takes ground that the expected imports of specie will not give to Southern planters the required relief, and demands an increased issue of greenbacks as the only way of restoring confidence, maintaining prices avoiding general bankruptcy. It is asked of President Grant, in the name of the South especially, to call an extra session of Congress to consider the financial situation.

SABBATH FLASHES.

CHICAGO, October 12.—The gross receipts of the Exposition on Monday night will be devoted to Memphis. Six tickets were sold Saturday for four hundred dollars.

NEW YORK, October 12.—Kate Newton, wife of Mr Charles Backus, a leading actress and a member of the Fifth Avenue Theatrical Company, died in this city to-day.

NEW ORLEANS, October 12.—The ship Tasmana arrived at Southwest Pass to-day. The Lady Russell, from Liverpool for Mobile, with all her masts gone, but with spar rigged forward and aft, but wanted no assistance, on the 7th came across the ship Isle of Sky, for New York, with her rudder and masts gone, and every sail and rope carried away, and the Creek Bear, three days without water and nearly all disabled. The captain of the Tasmana took them aboard and brought them to this port. Before leaving the Isle of Sky, the captain and crew fired the vessel.

NASSAU, October 6.—The steamer Missouri from Liverpool hither, with an assorted cargo for New Orleans, is loss. Loss, from a quarter to a half a million. Crew saved.

HAVANA, October 12.—deputations from the corporations of Halquin and Gibara have arrived here to entreat the Captain General to send re-Inforcements to their places.

BOLD REFORMS IN MEXICO

DISSEVERENCE OF CHURCH AND STATE—RELIGIOUS FREEDOM—THE JESUITS PROSCRIBED.

CITY OF MEXICO, October 2.—The priests of the church of St. Loretto and all parishes have excommunicated all persons recognizing constitution and reforms inaugurated by the Government. The Jesuits have been ordered to leave the country at the first opportunity. They are given the choice of American, English or French packets.

Congress has decided the following:

Church and State are to be separated. Congress cannot make laws establishing or prohibiting any religion. Matrimony is to be a civil contract. Religious institutions cannot possess property. A simple promise to speak truth, complying with the obligation contracted, with penalties in case of violation, is substituted for the religious oath. Nobody is obliged to give his or her services without just compensation.

SPAIN.

PLOT TO ASSASSINATE CASTELLAR —NAVAL ENGAGEMENT REPORTED—CARLISTS BURN THIER DEAD.

MADRID, October 12.—There is a doubtful rumor in circulation that a conspiracy has been discovered to assassinate Castellar.

The Alphonzists Club have issued a manifesto declaring that the time has come to prepare for the accession of Don Alphonzo.

Senor Castellar yesterday paid an official visit to General Sickles, the American Minister, and Layard, the British Minister.

A large number of Carlists who were defeated at La Jonquera have taken refuge in France. They first made a large funeral pyre and burned all the bodies of their dead.

A dispatch from La Palma, near Cartagena, dated Saturday afternoon, reports the commander of the insurgent frigate promised to offer battle that day to the government squadron off the port. Cannonading had been heard for the last two hours, and it was believed that a naval fight was in progress.

British, French, German and Italian merchant vessels were leaving the harbor of Carthagena, and foreigners who remained were hurriedly preparing to quit the city.

MONDAY NOON NEWS.

THE YELLOW SCOURGE.

POOR MEMPHIS---NO MITIGATION YET OF HER HORRORS.

MEMPHIS, October 13.—The streets were almost deserted yesterday. Few went to church. There were no pleasure vehicles out; nothing but hearses. There were fifty-seven deaths yesterday.

CAIRO, ILL., October 14.—The steamer Keokuk, with four persons aboard reported to be down with the fever, was refused wharfage and passed up the Ohio river.

LATER—MEMPHIS, October 13—T. S. Jukes, Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, of Tennessee, is down with the fever, and the duties of his office devolve upon W. H. Moyston. This order has eleven patients, and there is no money in their treasury. Demands upon them for aid to the suffering brotherhood have exhausted their relief fund and contributions.

Three physicians from Chicago and one from New York arrived here yesterday and offered their services which were accepted, and they went to work.

Joseph W. Tooney, a visiting member of the I. O. O. F., of New Albany, died yesterday.

General demoralization exists throughout the city; police force greatly reduced; city railroad has been compelled to reduce the number of trips one fourth, and the number of cars running does not yield the expense of drivers.

M. E. Sanders, city editor of the Avalanche, is rapidly recovering.

The mortuary report for twenty-four hours, ending Saturday evening, show that their were forty-seven deaths from fellow fever, and ten from other diseases.

COTHAM.

DROWNED—RELIGIOUS ACRIMONY BOLD FEAT OF AN ASSOCIATED PRESS AGENT.

NEW YORK, October 13—The steamship George W. Clyde was at Key West, October 8, from Galveston, bound for New York, and reports that on the sixth, during a severe hurricane, Captain Cole, the second officer and one seaman were washed overboard and drowned.

Fardey's publication this morning gives the letters of Dr. Tozer, late Missionary Bishop of Zanzibar, to Bishop Butler of this Diocese and the Dean of Canterbury finding fault with the latter for participating in the communion service in the Presbyterian Church in this city on Sunday last. Dr. Tozer says this conduct of the Dean will beaccepted in this country, a sufficient reason and justification for Episcopalians attending the attractive service of the Catholic Church, and may be cited to pronounce the representation that the Episcopal Church is a haven of rest for those tossed by a multiplicity of doctrine, a delusion and snare.

Jones Bogh, a noted painter, is dead; a South Carolinian.

The Associated Press courier who carried the report of the Modoc execution from Fort Klamath to the telegraph station at Jacksonville, Oregon, rode a distance of ninety-two miles in six hours and fifty-five minutes over a mountain of more than usual roughness, employing three well selected horses for the journey.

The last 42 miles he accomplished in exactly two hours, beating his principal competitor by 30 minutes and getting control of the wires, which was necessarily occupied in the transmission of the Associated Press report until it was too late to forward any other.

NOON SPARKLES.

PATERSON, N. J., October 13.—Edward English, a native of Alexandria, Va, aged 20, being unsuccessful in a love affair, committed suicide.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—Ex-President Andrew Johnson is here, looking after his $73,000 deposit in the First National Bank of this city.

LONDON, October 13.—A dispatch from Berlin announces several failures.

BALTIMORE, October 13.—F. Parkins Scott, Judge of the Baltimore City Court and presiding Judge of the Supreme bench of Baltimore city, died this morning, after a protracted illness, in the seventy-fifth year of his age. He was auditor of the Circuit Court of Baltimore county, and subsequently of Baltimore City Court, for nearly forty-seven years.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

By the Southern & Atlantic Telegraph Company.

NEW YORK, October 13, 10. A. M.—Gold 8 1-2. Spot cotton quiet; ordinary 14 5-8; good ordinary 16 5-8; strict good ordinary 17 1-8; low middlings 17 5-8; middlings 18 1-8; good middlings 19 1-8.

Sterling 6 1-4a7 1-4.

10½ A. M.—Gold 8 3-8.

Futures weak; sales 5,800, including 4,200 Saturday evening, as follows: October, 17 1-16. November, 16 7-8a16 31-32. December, 16 7-8a16 15-16. January 16 15-16. February 17 1-8. March, 17 5-16.

11 A. M.—Gold 8 3-8.

Cotton—Futures quiet; sales 7,400 bales, as follows: October, 17 1-32; December and January, 16 15-16; February, 17 1-16; March, 17 1-4.

Spot cotton nominal; middlings 17¼a18. Sterling 6¼a7¼.

11:30 A. M.—Gold 8½.

Cotton—Futures weak; sales 9,800 bales, as follows: October, 17; January, 16 31-32. Others unchanged.

12:15 P. M.—Gold 8¾.

Spot cotton quiet; low middlings 17 3-8; middlings 17¼.

Futures weak; sales 11,400; October 17; November 16 15-16; December 16; January 16 15-16; March 17 3-16.

1 P. M.—Gold 8¾.

Futures a shade firmer; sales 16,200. October 17¼; November and December 16 15-16; January 17; February 17¼; March 17 5-16.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 13 1 P. M.—Cotton steady; sales 12,000; speculation 2,000; middling uplands 9¼a9¾; middling Orleans 9¼a9¾; November delivery not below low middlings 9 3-16.

4:30 P. M.—Cotton unchanged; sales of American 5,000.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Cotton quiet and lower; uplands 17¾; Orleans 18 0-4; sales 465.

Futures opened as follows: October 17¼ 17 3 16; November 16 7-8a16 15-16. December 17 7-8a18; January 16 15-16a17; February 17 1-16a17¼; March 17¾.

Flour dull and drooping. Wheat dull and nominally 1c2c lower. Corn dull and declining. Pork dull and nominal. Lard dull; old steam 8 3-16a8¾. Turpentine unchanged. Rosin dull at $2 75 for strained. Freights dull.

Gold opened at 8 1-8. Stocks irregular. Money loaned at 1-16 and interest, gold bid. Exchange—long 6 2-4; short 7 3-4. Governments dull. State bonds dull.

Arrived—Livingston, City of Limerick, City of Paris, Italy, Bacthia, Baltic, Nevada and Minnesota.

LONDON, October 13—Erie 40¾.

PARIS, October 13.—Rentes 67f 95c.

LIVERPOOL, October 13, noon.—Cotton steady; uplands 9 1 8a9 1-4; Orleans 9¼; sales 12,000; speculation and export 2,000; sales of uplands, on a basis of low middlings, deliverable in November, 9 3 16; same on a basis of good ordinary, shipped in October, 9 3-16. Lard 41s 9d. Pork 72s.

Market Reports—From Chamber of Commerce.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ATLANTA, October 13 1873.

Flour—Fancy, $10 50a11; extra family, $9 50a10 00; family $8 50a9 00; extra $7 25a8 00 superfine, $6 00a6 50; fine $4a6.

Wheat—Red, $1 50a1 6C; amber $1 65a1 75; choice white, $1 70a1 85.

Lime—40a50c per bushel.

Corn—Yellow, 85a87c by car load, and white 87a90c. order lots.

Meal, 87a90c.

Lard—Tierce, 10¼a10¾; kegs and buckets, 11½; cans 11¾.

Bacon—clear sides 11½; clear rib 11; shoulders 10. Sugar cured hams 15¼a16.

Bulk—clear sides 10¾; clear rib 10¼; long clear sides 10¼; shoulders 8 3-4.

Hay—$1 50a1 75. Clover $1 25a1 65.

Oats, feed 60; seed 65.

Rye—$1 25a 1 35 per bushel.

Barley—new—$1 50a1 75 per bushel.

Coal—Lump, by car load, at 28a30c; blacksmith, 22½.

COFFEE—Prime to choice Rio 26½a28; La Guyra 28a30c; Mocha 37½a40c; Java 34a 35c.

Iron Ties—Arrow, 9 1-2 per pound.

Bagging—2 lbs. 16a16 1-2; 2 1-8 lbs. 17 2 1-4 lbs. 17 1-2. Gunny 18 1-2.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, October 13, 1873.

Atlanta Cotton Market.

REMARKS—Trade quiet. Cotton tending tendir g downward.

Cotton depressed at 14 1-2 cents.

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial.—Gold, buying at 1 07; selling at 1 10. Silver, buying at 1 03, selling 1 05.

Exchange—Buying at 1-4 off, selling at par. Bonds and Stocks—These quotations are merely nominal and represent prices when money is easy. Georgia 6s, 68a85, 7s, 86a88. new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury, 8 per cent. nontaxable, $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70 a72; 8s, 80a82. Augusta, 88a85. Georgia Railroad stock, 86a88; Georgia Rail Road bonds, 93a95. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 80a82; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 95a96. Central Railroad stock, 75a7ɜ. Rome city 7s, 68a72 Savannah 83. Atlanta National Bank stock 1 25.

Atlanta Produce Market.

DRIED FRUIT—Rough peaches 4a4½; peeled nominal at 7a14.

EGGS—22½a25.

POTATOES—Sweet 75a80c. Irish $1 per bushel; per barrel $3 50a4 00.

FEATHERS—We quote at 75a80 for prime selection; mixed 65a70.

BEESWAX—26a28c.

RAGS—3¼a4.

POULTRY—We quote spring chickens at 15a20.

BUTTER—We quote good country at 25, 30; Tennessee, 30a35.

ONIONS—We quote $1 75a2 00 per bushel.

WOOL—washed 35a40c; unwashed 25.

Atlanta Live Stock Market.

CATTLE—2 1-2a3½ cents gross; choice Tennessee 4 cents.

HOGS—5½ cents gross. Sheep 3½c; Tennessee 4a4½.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

Prints—Wamsutta, 8; Bedford, 8. Amoskeag, 9½; Arnold, 9. All standard brands 11c. Garner 10½.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 11½; 7-8 10c; yarns $1 50; sewing and knitting thread 50c

Sheetings, etc—Augusta and Graniteville—3-4 shirtings 8 per yard; 7-8 shirtings 10 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 11½ per yard, 7-8 drill 12 per yard. Alabama and Georgia and Montour goods are a 1-2 cent under the above quotations.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

Coffee—Rio, 25½a27½.

SUGARS—We quote: New Orleans, in hogsheads, 9a11 for fair to choice; Demarra 12a12½; clarified white 12; do yellow 11¼a11½; A coffee 12¼a12¾; extra C do 12¼a12½; yellow extra C 11 1-2; Porto Rico 10¼a11; yellow C 10a11.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—New Orleans 70a 75; Common, 27a28½ in hhds; bbls. 32; refined syrups 45a75.

NAILS—We quote at $5 50 for 10ds, and 25c additional for diminishing grades.

SALT—We quote Virginia, $3; Liverpool, $3 15a3 20 per sack.

CANDLES—We quote star 19¼a20 per pound

FISH—Market scarce and firm. We quote as follows: Half barrels, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, $8 50, $7 50 and $6; in kits, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, $1 75, $1 50 and $1 35.

PEPPER—We quote at 28a30.

SPICE—We quote at 18a20.

GINGER—We quote at 16a17.

CRACKERS—5 3-4a12.

SODA—We quote firm; 8 in kegs; 9 in boxes.

RICE—We quote at 9¼a10. Inferior 8a9

TEAS—We quote Imperial at $1a1 50; Young Hyson $1 15a1 50; Black 75a$1 25; Gunpowder $1a1 50.

POWDER—Dupont $7 50; Sycamore Mills $7 50; blasting $5; fuse per 100 feet 65.

SHOT—We quote patent $3 90a3 00; Buck $3 15a3 25.

LIQUORS—We quote common rectified whisky per gallon $1; Robertson county $1 25a3; Bourbon $1 25a3 50; corn whisky $1 15a2

BROOMS—We quote at $2 50a4 50 per dozen.

SOAP—We quote at 5a8c per lb, or $3a4 50 per box.

Sundries.

SEEDS—Clover $8; timothy $5, orchard grass $2; blue grass $3; herd's grass $2 50.

COTTON YARNS—We quote at $1 50 per bunch all numbers.

CANDIES—We quote stick candy 14¼a16; common fancy 17a25.

TOBACCO—Common sound 43a45; low medium 47a50; medium 52a55; fine 60a70; extra fine 80a$1; Spencer's Calhoun $1 13. Princess twist 85. Brown's Log Cabin $1 00.

IRON—Bar iron $4 25 two horse tyer; axes $13 50a14; steel 20a23; shovels, Ames', $15 50; horse and mules shoes 8a9; horse shoe nails 20a30.

CHEESE—Factory 16a16½. State cheese 12½a15.

OIL—Kerosene 28.

LEATHER—Sole, hemlock good damaged 25½a28; good 29a33. White oak 40a50. Black upper 40a55.

HIDES—Nothing doing. We quote dry at 13 1-2a15; green salted 7 1-2a8½.

BELTS—Buckets—9 75 per dozen.

Tallow 7a8.

Apples $3a3 50 per barrel.

ANNA V. WHITE, Divorce in Fulton Superior Court. } To the Sheriff or any lawful officer of VALENTINE WHITE. } said county:

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff, that the defendant does not reside in this county, and it further appearing that he does not reside in the State, it is, on motion of counsel, ordered by the Court, that the defendant appear and answer at the next term of this Court, and that the cause be considered in default and the plaintiff allowed to proceed.

It is further ordered that this Rule be published once a month for four months in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

In open Court. This June 23rd, 1873.

JULIUS L. BROWN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

A true extract from the minutes.

jy27—d4months W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.

PORT ROYAL RAILROAD.

JUNE 20TH, 1873.

ON and after MONDAY, JUNE 30, trains on this Road will run as follows:

Down Day Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	6 45 A M
Arrive at Port Royal	3 15 P M
Arrive at Charleston	4 45 P M
Arrive at Savannah	3 30 P M

Up Day Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	9 45 A M
Leave Charleston at	8 10 A M
Leave Savannah at	9 30 A M
Arrive at Augusta	5 35 P M

Down Night Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	2 10 P M
Arrive at Port Royal at	11 35 P M
Arrive at Charleston at	5 00 A M
Arrive at Savannah at	12 20

Up Night Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	10
Leave Charleston at	6 A M
Leave Savannah at	9 50 P M
Arrive at Augusta	5 00 A M

Passengers leaving Atlanta by the 6 00 P M train on the Georgia Railroad arrive at Augusta in time to make close connection with down night passenger train on this road for Port Royal and Savannah.

JAS. O. MOORE, Engineer and Superintendent.

July1-dtf

ARCHITECTURE.

Parkins & Allen, Architects.

WILL make Plans, Specifications, and Detail Drawings for Buildings of all descriptions. Office in Republic Block, opposite the Kimball House. jan8-dly

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA—F. M. Coker, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit.

☞ Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. ☜ First class and steerage tickets at lowest rates. sly4-d1y

Johnson & McCamy,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Dalton, - - - Georgia.

Office in King Building, Up Stairs jany26-dtf

Mississippi Valley

FIRE AND MARINE

Insurance Co.

Established in 1865.

Capital $300,000.

CAPITAL & ASSETS, JULY, 1873, $353 035.94

F. S. Davis, Pres't. R. V. Vredenburgh, V. P.
H. Gronauer, Sec'y. W. J. Littlejohn, Asst. Sec'y
W. H. Brazier, General Agent

DAVIS & CLARK,

AGENTS,

No. 33 Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

APPROVED RISKS taken in this strong and Popular Company AT ESTABLISHED RATES. ALL LOSSES PROMTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.

MESSRS. DAVIS & CLARK are authorized to underwrite on Cotton Gins.

sep16-dtf

NOTICE.

THROUGH train over the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line, making close connection for New York, will leave the Union Passenger Depot, Sunday 6 A. M., 28th instant.

NOTICE—First through train to day, Sunday, September 28th. se28-dtf

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

A SPECIALTY AT THE DRUG STORE OF

ROLAND B. HALL,

Druggist,

Corner Cherry Street and Cotton Avenue, Macon, Ga sep1—dtf

AGENCY GEORGIA RAILROAD AND BANKING CO., ATLANTA, GA., October 3, 1873.

I AM authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors of this bank to issue certificates of deposit, bearing interest, on specified terms. Their object in this is to help move the cotton crop.

S. B. HOYT, Agent.

oct—d1wawim.

REMOVAL

WE have rented the spacious three-story new brick store house recently built and occupied by Messrs. Chapman, Tucker & Co., corner of Alabama and Forsyth streets, where we will be pleased to see all of our friends and customers. We will receive cotton at the highest market price in payments of debts due us

ABBOTT & BRO.,

Corner Alabama and Forsyth Streets, Atlanta, Georgia.

oct4—d1w

MRS. E. M. STOVALL,

PROPRIETRESS of The Barlow House) Cartersville, Ga. Having recently taken charge of this House, she has thoroughly renovated and refurnished it, in all its departments, and is now prepared to afford the traveling public entertainment adequate to the times, at moderate prices. She has also secured additional suite of rooms, is prepared to accommodate a few families with Board. Summer visitors will find Cartersville one of the healthiest localities in the South.

apr24-dtf P. S. SHELMAN

L. D. SINE'S

GIFT ENTERPRISE

THE ONLY RELIABLE GIFT DISTRIBUTION IN THE COUNTRY.

$75,000,00

IN VAYUABLE GIFTS!

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

L. D. SINE'S

104th REGULAR MONTHLY

Gift Enterprise.

TO BE DRAWN MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24TH, 1873.

ONE GRAND CASH PRIZE OF

$5,000 IN GOLD!

ONE GRAND CASH PRIZE OF

$5,000 IN SILVER!

TWO PRIZES $1,000 EACH IN GREENBACKS!

Six Prizes $500 Each in Greenbacks!

Ten Prizes $100 Each in Greenbacks!

1,000 Gold and Silver Watches, Solid and Double-plated Silverware, Jewelry, &c.

Number of Gifts 10,000! Tickets limited to 75,000

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom liberal terms will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; 25 Tickets $20; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE'S Box 2,324, 161 W. Fifth St., Cincinnati, O.

oct1-d1mowly

F. M. HEATH. S. A. PORTER.

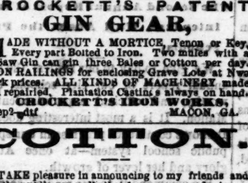
HEATH & PORTER,

Livery and Sale Stables,

Poplar Street, between Second and Third Sts.,

Macon, Georgia.

Accommodations are ample and complete for the Board of Citizens and Transient Stock of Traders. aug23—dtf



Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.

I AM engaged in the Manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Family Preparations, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supersede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 30 to 75, laboring under all the diseases incident to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with his Pill, and, astonishing to say, during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA MORBUS, BILLIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.

For sale by all druggists.

Pri 50 cents a Box

None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun.

Address N. C. WILLIAMS,

Post-office Box 948, Atlanta, Ga.

Manufactory No 118, corner Washington and Peters treets Atlanta Ga. may14 d3mo

HOMES FOR ALL ON LONG CREDIT

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY offers 1,250,000 acres of land in Southwest Missouri, for sale on

SEVEN YEARS' TIME,

one-tenth cash. Free transportation for all settlers from St. Louis to the Lands. Price $3 50 to $10 50 per acre, owing to location and selection. You make average crop of wheat to the acre—30 bushels; makes superior flour. Grapes and all kinds of fruits raised in great abundance. For further particulars address AMOS TUCK, Land Commissioner, 2d Fourth street, St. Louis, or to F. M. FERRYMAN, sep14-d3m Thomaston, Ga.

CROCKETT'S PATENT

GIN GEAR.

MADE WITHOUT A MORTICE, Tenon or Key. Every part Bolted to Iron. Two mules with a 40 Saw Gin can gin three Bales or Cotton per day. IRON HAILINGS for enclosing Grave Lots at New York prices. ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY made and repaired. Plantation Castins always on hand.

CROCKETT'S IRON WORKS.

sep9-d1m MACON, GA.

COTTON.

I TAKE pleasure in announcing to my friends and the public generally that I am now ready to receive

COTTON ON STORAGE

at my Agricultural Warehouse, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, and would thank my friends, both merchant and planter, to favor me with a portion of their patronage. I solicit

Consignments of Cotton

for sale here, or for shipment to my correspondents at Savannah, Charlestou, New York or Liverpool, upon which I will make LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES, on liberal terms. My cotton business is

STRICTLY COMMISSION.

and no pains will be spared to get the

HIGHEST MARKET VALUE

for cotton entrusted to my management.

Entrance to Warehouse on Forsyth Street front.

sep21-d&wim. MARK W. JOHNSON.

M. BUICE

LUMBER

In Great Variety.

Lumber Yard on Hunter street, second Block, east of City Hall. Orders solicited.

july1-sun&tu wdm.

WM. GRAY,

July24—d1y

For Sale

WITHIN TWO MILES OF THE CENTER OF ATLANTA, in a good neighborhood,

FOURTEEN ACRES OF LAND,

enclosed, with a good 6 room house and necessary out-buildings, over 300 choice fruit trees 3 to 5 years old, grapes, etc. One half of the land cleared and in good condition; balance in small timber.

Price $2,800—$1,000 cash, balance in one and two years with interest.

Address M.

sep28-dec 2w Key Box 122, Atlanta, Ga.

WEBSTER FARM FOR SALE

THE undersigned offers for sale his farm containing 693 HUNDRED AND THIRTY SIX ACRES, about sixty acres cleared, and seventy-six in the woods. Good dwelling house, eight rooms, kitchen, smoke house, dair

THE [illegible] CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY OCTOBER 14, 1873.

Brevities.

A Joliet, Illinois, barber, shaved thirty-two men in ninety minutes.

The architect of the new hotel in Denver, Colora do, has been instructed to make the partitions bullet-proof.

It is said N. P. Banks will represent the town of Waltham, his residence, in the next Massachusetts Legislature.

Portsmouth, New Hampshire, produces annually, in addition to numerous temperance orators, 190,000 barrels of ale and 90,600 gallons of rum.

Bismarck's wife, who recently died, was her husband's secretary, clerk and messenger. All private dispatches were first read by Frau Bismarck.

General McClellan and family, and Jerome Bonaparte and family, of Baltimore, sailed from New York Wednesday, in the Russia, for Europe.

The warden in Sing-Sing prison thinks that no prisoner should be sentenced for less than ten years, as short terms keep them anxious and discontented.

The will of the Empress Dowager of Austria directs that 5,000 holy masses should be read for the repose of her soul, and 5,000 florins are set apart for this purpose.

Father O'Keefe, the mutinous parish priest of Callan, Ireland, has submitted to the Bishop of his diocese and thus ended a celebrated controversy.

Krupp's world-renowned iron works at Essen, in Prussia, cover a space of 1,000 acres, and employ 18,600 laborers. The buildings alone occupy 200 acres.

A large number of scared Federal office-holders in the Southern States are now in Washington, and have obtained permission to remain until the yellow fever disappears.

Some enterprising rum sellers are running a floating bar-room up and down the shores of Lake Champlain, thus escaping the penalties of the Vermont liquor law.

Lady lecturers are making a great fortune in England on account of the novelty of the thing there. The fare to Europe is surprisingly low at this season of the year.

The editor of a Kentucky paper was thrown into a pond by a prize fighter, and is said to have swallowed some water for the first time since his boyhood.

The latest Danbury recipe is for pickling flannels. Fancy topping off a dinner with a quarter yard of pickled flannel. Next we will have preserved overcoats, muslin jellies, awning pies and rag carpet dumplings.

Nearly two millions of salmon eggs, taken from California waters, are on their way to the Atlantic seaboard, to be placed in hatching houses on the Delaware, Schuylkill, Susquehanna, and James rivers.

In confirmation of the boast of a Pioche (Nev.) newspaper that the climate of that region is peculiarly salubrious, the editor of a rival journal asserts that he notices that few or no persons die a natural death there.

One of the gardeners at Balmoral Castle died recently after a short illness. Queen Victoria called the other day on the widow, who has three children, remained in her cottage some time, and before leaving handed her £10.

The applejack season up in North Carolina has fairly set in, and the farmers are sitting up at night trying to cypher out how many drinks there are to the acre on a basis of four bushels of apples to the gallon.

A railroad is now in contemplation from the Russian town of Orenburg to Peshawur in India, a distance of 2,800 miles. When this portion of the line shall be finished a railroad will extend, without break of gauge, from Calais to Calcutta, through Warsaw and Moscow.

Among the awards of the mixed commission, which has been sitting during the summer at Newport, was $130,000 to Dr. James Syme, a Scotchman of New Orleans, whose valuable store of drugs was appropriated by Butler. The Doctor died about three years ago in poverty, and the money will go to his heirs.

New Hampshire has a compulsory school law, requiring that every person having in custody a child between eight and fourteen years of age shall send it to school at least twelve weeks in the year, of which six shall be consecutive. The law provides that the child may be instructed in a private school or at home.

The North China Herald does not like the recent audience granted by the Emperor of China to foreign envoys, and says: "Here are those rascally dogs of foreigners actually tossing to get a sight of the face of the Son of Heaven, and our too timid Ministers consenting to admit them to the privilege. What is the world coming to?"

The Bien Public, the Jesuit organ, makes use of the following language with respect to the King of Italy: "Yes, jailer of the Pope, hangman of the church, you will roll to the bottom of the abyss. You are pushed on by an inexorable chastisement. Go now and say at Vienna and Berlin, look, I am success: I am force; I am triumphant and crowned robbery!"

Curiosity has occasionally been attracted by the question of what becomes of all the cancelled railway tickets? The average number issued in Paris is about 30,000 daily, making an annual total of 10,940,000, and the figure for the whole of France is calculated at 40,000,000. The weight of each morsel of card-board is one grammne, and the sum realized by the companies selling them wholesale to the paper makers to be remade is from 16,000 to 18,000 francs.

A Newport dispatch says the sale of the magnificent summer residence of Hon. F. L. Barreda, late Peruvian Minister, was effected and the bargain closed on Monday. The price paid was $250,000, and the purchaser was William T. Blodgett, of New York. It has been occupied during the past season by Alden B Stockwell, of Pacific Mail notoriety, and the rent paid for three months' use of the same was $8,000, the largest sum ever paid for a Newport cottage.

Woman's Rights.

Those of our woman's rights readers who suppose from our long abstinence of allusion to the subject that the rampant petticoats that want to vote and wear breeches have stopped their crusade, will make a large mistake. The thing is still going on. Occasionally a lively flutter in some hen convention of the roosters, like the wag of the scotched snake's tail, shows that the cause is not dead.

The latest ebullition of the great crusade of female equality occurred the other day in New York. There was a grand mass meeting of the omen's Centennial Association. The chairman was the very noted Henry Bergh, the great champion of cruelly treated brutes. It strikes us that the classification of woman's wrongs implied in this under the head of cruelty to animals is somewhat hard on our dear brethren of the petticoat brigade.

Mr. Bergh made an opening speech. He said he had nothing to say and clinched this candid observation by profoundly remarking that all which man requires of woman in this country is to adorn her beautiful body and be gay and happy.

Mrs. Bronson Clarke then skipped to the front. She was rather good looking and exemplified her contempt for the frivolites of her sex by having on a fashionable silk dress, jauntily sticking a rose bud in her chignon, and pinning a boquet of gay buds on her bosom. She was a slow coach in the speaking line; as was evinced by the applause of joy at her quitting. She invited all the women of the country to attend the grand Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia in 1876, with the view, probably, of inaugurating a grand petticoat Declaration of Independence.

The next lady that spoke was an old gentleman known as Colonel T. B. Thorpe. Old Mother Thorpe eulogized "spread-eagleism" and made some complimentary allusions to the beautiful women before him, yelled for Anna Dickinson. That festive speaker not being on hand, Gen. Kilpatrick, the notorious cavalry bummer, spoke. The fervent Kilpatrick went it heavy on the Fourth of July. He was for more flag and eagle and all that.

At this juncture old Bergh thought that the Dickinson had come, and started to introduce her in a grand splash of eulogy, when somebody told her that he was not there—no, told him that she was not there. We will get the sex right after a while. To fill up, he then pushed out a tender old hen, named Rev. Chauncy Barnes. This old rip-snorter was on the pitching-in order. He went heavy on spiritualism. As the audience laughed at him, he got mad and raved with forty-horse power. He compared New York to Sodom and Gomorrah. He hurled ruin, war, famine and pestilence about. Said the old heathen in one of his bursts: "When we analyze these brains, the male and the female, we see that woman comes nearer being made of angelic stuff, while man is filled with whisky, tobacco and the lusts of the flesh and the devil."

The much-desired Anna not appearing the concern adjourned.

A Big Talk About a Big Railroad.

The Palmer House in Chicago held, on Thursday and Friday of last week, a very respectable body of gentlemen, to the number of eighty-nine, every one of whom is in favor of the immediate construction of a railroad between Chicago and a South Atlantic port, provided it is laid past his own door. Indiana, Kentucky, Illinois, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia were represented in the convention. The latter State spoke through Capt. Alexander S. Erwin, John W. Nicholson and John C. Johnson.

Governor Magoffin, of Kentucky, was chosen President of the convention, and after he had returned his thanks for the honor of, etc., there ensued a mixed presentation of the claims of the various routes, that lasted through two entire days. It might be well at this point to state that Potter Palmer had tendered the hospitalities of his magnificent hotel to the members of the convention during their stay in Chicago. They did not seem to be in a hurry.

General Clingman, Professor Smith, and other representatives of North Carolina opened the ball with much talk about the mineral wealth and easy grades of their paradisical State.

South Carolina got in next. She talked sweet about her inability to raise her own food, which must and could only come from Chicago. But here trouble was developed. The railroad projectors of the Palmetto State were not a unit. Some wanted to lay the rails through Cumberland Gap and down the French Broad straight to Charleston, while others said that they must be laid via Knoxville and Rabun Gap to Port Royal. Port Royal said corn would mold and flour become worthless in Charleston, and Charleston retorted by saying, you're another.

Georgia participated in the discussion through Captain Erwin, who favored the Blue Ridge and Rabun Gap route. From the latter point "connections could be made with the Georgia Central, a powerful corporation, whose roads runs through the best portions of the State." In that way he said, all of Georgia and the most fertile parts of Florida could be reached. In the matter of aid, Georgia would furnish railroads already built and stocked. Colonel Wilson, of Knoxville, thought the Blue Ridge route was the only one that the convention could safely adopt.

In the end, the convention resolved that they were in favor of a trunk railroad from Chicago "to one or more of the South Atlantic ports, with such branches and connections as are necessary to supply the planting States;" and the delegates pledged their best efforts, in the way of charters, connections and subscriptions, to build the proposed roads. As to the exact route, it was, says the report, tacitly agreed to leave its determination to "the engineers and surveyors, who are to select the most feasible line," which was a very sensible conclusion to arrive at after such a waste of words. And then the meeting adjourned.

Captain Erwin was right when he said that the Rabun Gap route is preferable to the Broad French route, if Chicago wishes to reach the South Atlantic States. The truth is, she had better build straight to Atlanta, from which railroads radiate, not only to Port Royal and Savannah, but also to every section of the South Atlantic States. Atlanta is the heart, the distributive center, of those States, and she also possesses the most direct and practicable routes to the sea. The practical men of the coming engineer corps will make all this so plain that the men of Chicago will readily see their way to a correct and economical conclusion.

Alabama News.

The Presbyteries of East Alabama and Tuskaloosa will meet at Selma on the 22d day of this month.

Four yellow fever deaths occurred in Montgomery during Friday and Saturday, namely, Charlie Harris, son of Geo. W. Harris, Wm. Moncrief, Mr. McKitteick and a negro man named James Smith.

In two days in Mobile, four infants and five adults died of yellow fever. So says the Mobile Register, which ventures that no new cases will occur, and in a few days Mobile will be busy as ever.

Judge E. M. Keils, of Eufaula, had displayed for the sign of his grocery and provision store the Federal flag, and on Thursday night some persons unknown destroyed the flag. The Times questions the taste and propriety of hanging the flag there, but condemns the act of those who tore it down.

The Selma Times reports an outrage committed on Wednesday on Dr. J. Polk Shelby (said to be Auditor Wickliffe, of Louisiana, with an *alias*.) A party of men went to his house in or near Selma, threatening to arrest him, and finally damanded $10 each as a condition of their letting him alone, which he paid. The sheriff is after the party.

The fire-fiend seems to have a delight in holding his revels in and around the beautiful city of Talladega. Whithin a week the Freedman's College took fire, and by great exertions was saved from destruction; then the residence of Ichabod Mobley burned down, and then the steam saw meal of the Messrs. Bingham. Scarcely a month passes that a fire does not occur, either in the city or suburbs.

Columbus Sun: A farmer in Alabama put a forty acre field in corn, but he planted too much cotton. He could not attend to both, so he abandoned the corn to the grass. He allowed another farmer who had a Buckeye reaper to cut the hay on shares. The result was an abundant harvest, well cured. The owner then proposed to sell the land to the cutter for the hay which was on it. Assome six hundred dollars worth had been secured for a share, and that would be paying fifteen dollars per acre for the land, the cutter could not see it, especially such land.

Montgomery Advertiser, 19th inst.: About ten o'clock last night the alarm of fire was sounded, and it proved to be at the county jail, half way between Court and Perry streets, on the north side of Monroe. The whole roof was soon in a blaze and burned completely up. The fire companies were out remarkably quick, and saved the first floor complete.

The prisoners were all promptly removed to a secure place in the jail enclosure, and a strong guard put around them, and none escaped. The loss is comparatively trifling. It is thought that some person threw in at a window at the eastern gable end material with which to make a fire, and that some of the prisoners applied a torch. The fire was discovered at the extreme top of the building. The prisoners, it is said were under the impression that there would be no term of court soon, and hoped by means of the fire to escape. One negro prisoner, Joe Johnson, made some ugly demonstrations, but he was promptly quelled.

City Daily Newspapers Deposited in the Post-Office are subject to Postage.

Our attention has been called by the Post-office authorities to the law that "daily newspapers deposited in a letter carriers office for delivery by the office, or its carriers, are subject to a postage of one cent, each paper, to be prepaid by postage stamp affixed." This does not apply to weekly papers.

The public will be governed accordingly.

☞ "The Home and School," a monthly journal, devoted to popular education, science and literature, comes this month full of interesting matter. It is a valuable magazine for teachers and for those advanced scholars who are preparing to teach the young idea how to shoot. John P. Morton & Co., of Louisville, are the publishers. Terms, $1 50 a year.

For Shreveport and Memphis.

Yesterday we sent to these cities one hundred and forty dollars. We shall send another amount to-day. Acknowledgement is made of the receipt of the following sums yesterday; a generous outpouring from the hearts of the people:

Judge Jackson Graham, Warsaw, Ga., $1; Mrs. A. R. Graves, $1; Mrs. A. M. Smith, 50 cents; by a lady, through Judge D. G. Cotting, $5; William Solomon, $5; by two ladies and little girl, $1; from W. J. Parks, of Oxford, $5.

ATLANTA, GA., October 13, 1873.

Proprietors Constitution:

I enclose five dollars from Mrs. Benjamin Conley, which she desires sent to the sufferers of either Memphis or Shreveport.

Very truly yours,
BENJ. E. CRANE.

NEWNAN, GA., October 13, 1873.

Messrs. W. A. Hemphill and Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

DEAR SIRS:—I enclose you New York exchange for $35 15, which you will please forward to Memphis or Shreveport sufferers—whichever is the most needy.

This is a contribution from the Methodist church here, taken up on yesterday. Yours truly.
JOS. E. DENT.

ATLANTA, GA., October 13, 1873.

Editors Constitution:

I take great pleasure in placing in your hands the sum of $112 50, contributed on Sabbath morning for the sufferers in Shreveport and Memphis by the congregation of the First Methodist Church.

W. P. HARRISON, Pastor.

Editors Constitution:

GENTS—Enclosed please find ten ($10) dollars, contributed by the Charity Committee of Houston Lodge No. 35, F. A. M., for the sufferers at Memphis, Tenn.

Fraternally,
J. C. GILBERT, Treasurer.

CARTERSVILLE, GA., October 13, 1873.

Messrs. W. A. Hemphill & Co.:

GENTLEMEN—Enclosed find $37 50, contributed by a few of our citizens for relief of Memphis and Shreveport sufferers. Please have it forwarded through usual channel. Very respectfully, JOHN A. ERWIN.

The Second Annual Report of Superintendent Wall About the Public Schools.

We give to-day to our readers the second annual report of our city schools, by the worthy and efficient superintendent, Mr. Mallon. It is a most interesting document. It shows continued progress in our splendid public school system—at once Atlanta's glory and her lever of growth.

We commend it to our readers as worthy of careful perusal.

Too much cannot be said in praise of the Board of Education and the Superintendent, Mr. Mallon, for their masterly management of the superb system of public schools in their charge.

We shall have more to say of the report hereafter.

Another Democratic Ticket Announced.

In another column will be found the announcement of a most excellent ticket to be run in the Democratic nomination. Perhaps there is no more popular man in the city than Judge Collier. He is a favorite of all classes, and justly so. This ticket is subject to the Democratic nomination. If not selected, it will not be run, as it is purely Democratic. We urge upon the citizens of Atlanta the tremendous importance of electing good men to manage the government of the city in the times ahead. A citizen who votes from any other motive than that of serving the true interests of the city, is unworthy of the franchise. Democrats of Atlanta, do your duty, and that without fear or favor.

Terrible Tragedies.

The late dispatches last night bring details of two terrible tragedies wrought by lust. The doom of death followed swiftly upon the betrayer's lechery. A husband and a brother avenge the stain upon a wife's and a sister's honor.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

EARLY NIGHT NEWS

See Sunday and Noon News on the First Page.

THE WEATHER.

GENERALLY CLEAR WEATHER IN GEORGIA.

PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—For the Gulf States southeasterly winds, somewhat higher temperature and increased cloudiness, possibly with rain on the western Gulf coast.

For the South Atlantic States, southeast and southwest winds, with generally clear weather.

For the Middle and Eastern States, falling barometer, southwesterly winds and cloudy or partly cloudy weather.

For the lower Lakes, southerly veering to westerly winds, with cloudy weather.

For the upper Lakes and the Northwest, northeasterly winds and clear or clearing weather.

WASHINGTON.

PRIZE FIGHT—SUPREME COURT—SECRETARY RICHARDSON ON LEGAL TENDER.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—Tom Allen challenges Joe Coburn for one hundred to five thousand dollars.

The Supreme Court has convened. Field and Davis are absent.

The Bar met and passed appropriate resolutions regarding Chief Justice Chase.

Gen. Sherman and staff have gone to Toledo, Gen. Grant goes after reviewing the preachers to-morrow.

The Star says, Secretary Richardson in speaking of the use of the legal tender reserves and the present amount of circulating notes, says he would approve any bill for permanently increasing the legal tender circulation above the present standard, as well as a bill permanently fixing it at three hundred and fifty-six millions. The secretary of the Treasury must at all times be able to pay the appropriations of Congress or suspend payment until he can accumulate the currency for that purpose. If the limit is fixed the department will be obliged to suspend payments on all warrants when the currency

THE PESTILENCE.

A SLIGHTLY BETTER FEELING IN MEMPHIS—HELP GOING FORWARD.

MEMPHIS, October 13.—The slight frost this morning has inspired new life. Very few cases of fever are reported up to noon. An important feature now noticeable in the disease is that it soon turns its course to recovery or death.

Many of the cases attacked a week ago are on the street, while those attacked earlier are still confined to their rooms.

The mortuary report from noon yesterday to noon to-day shows a list of 43, of which 36 died from yellow fever and 6 from other causes.

Trains leaving the city continue to be crowded.

George D. Plummer, a prominent Mason, and W. T. Necklefrest, commission merchant, are among the dead.

It was reported at noon that two of the largest beer halls in the city closed this morning for lack of business.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—The fall fairs throughout the country are devoting a part of their proceeds to Memphis and Shreveport.

COLUMBUS, GA., October 13.—The citizens of Columbus, Ga., have raised in two days $1,600 by voluntary contributions for the Memphis and Shreveport sufferers, and contributions are still coming.

The Masons gave $165.

The Jews gave $200.

Mayor McIlhenny expressed the amount to the proper parties at once.

SPAIN.

THE GOVERNMENT GAINS AN IMPORTANT NAVAL VICTORY.

MADRID, October 13.—The Intransigente fleet has been defeated by the national squadron. The fight took place Saturday afternoon near Cartagena and lasted about two hours.

The insurgents' vessels were considerably injured, and were compelled to return to the Cartagena harbor. The government squadron consisted of Almanza, Vittoria, Cormen and two smaller vessels. Admiral Soboss was in command. The intransigents' fleet numbered four vessels.

There is a rumor that Tetua has been captured, but the government has received no such intelligence, and it is thought to be untrue. There is great rejoicing here over this victory.

LONDON, October 13.—A special dispatch from Cartagena to the Times gives the following particulars of the engagement between the Spanish Government squadron, under Admiral Lobo, and a fleet of intrangente vessels.

Upon the appearance, off the harbor, of the national squadron, the intrangente Junta held a consultation and decided to fight, although they had no hope of achieving a victory. Some of the garrison were in favor of surrendering the city, but a majority of men, especially deserters from the Government army, were determined upon resisting to the last. Contreras and several members of the Junta went on board the Numancia. All the morning was consumed by the insurgents vessels in taking in coal and provisions. At noon on Saturday, everything being in readiness, the four vessels weighed anchor and sailed amid loud cheers from the populace and insurgent troops. After proceeding a short distance, Admiral Labos' fleet, consisting of Viltoria, Almanza, Villade, Madrid, Carmer and two paddle wheel steamers, were met and an engagement instantly began. The fight lasted two hours, when the intransigente fleet was defeated and driven back to Cartagena, their vessels being badly damaged. The insurgents showed great spirit, but handled their ships badly.

NIGHT SPARKLES.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—The action of the Clearing House Association on Saturday was to the effect that all Cincinnati banks would resume currency payments to-day.

The Common Council to-day appropriated $18,000 for the Memphis and Shreveport sufferers.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Nine jurors have been obtained thus far in the Stokes trial.

Arrived—Herman Livingstone, and South Carolina.

LONDON, October 13.—Over three millions have been drawn from the Bank of England, all for America. Large sums have been shipped from other ports.

RALEIGH, October 13.—The annual fair was opened by Governor Caldwell. The trains are crowded with visitors.

Dan Voorhees speaks Friday. Gift concert Saturday.

GENEVA, October 13.—Pierre Hyacinth has been elected one of the three Cures in Geneva by the old Catholics.

A HEAVY FAILURE IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Foreign exchange is dull, and the heavy failure of F. P. Stevens was announced.

BALTIMORE MOURNING.

BALTIMORE, October 13.—All the city Courts adjourned over to-day, without transacting any business, on account of the death of Judge Scott, and will stand adjourned till the day succeeding the funeral, which takes place at the Cathedral on Wednesday.

MIDNIGHT NEWS.

MARINE.

SHIPWRECKS—IMPORTANT DECISION ABOUT SEAMEN'S WAGES.

SAVANNAH, October 13.—Arrived—Magnolia Brothers, Liverpool, Wild Hunter, Susan Stetson, Jno. Battle, Carrie, Alice.

M. R. Carlisle, bound to Providence, was passed at sea in a leaking condition.

Schooner J. H. Scoffie was abandoned in the gulf stream. The Captain and crew were taken off and brought to this port by bark Wild Hunter. A wreck was passed by bark Wild Hunter in latitude 37 degrees 16 minutes, 55 degrees.

PHILADELPHIA, October 13.—Judge Cadwallader, in the United States District Court to-day, decided a question of considerable importance to ship owners and mariners in the case of Wilson vs. Steamship Juniata. The suit was for seamen's wages. The ship had taken on board one seaman too many, and Wilson, who was regularly shipped by the Shipping-Master was discharged by the Captain. He thereupon filed his libel for one month's pay. The court held that the Captain had no right to discharge Wilson, and decreed libellant one month's wages with costs.

A TERRIBLE KILLING.

NASHVILLE, October 13.—R. M. Richards, proprietor of the Academy of Music, a disreputable place of amusement, was shot and killed to-day by James Hogan. Richards had seduced Hogan's sister. Hogan, after shooting, stood over him and watched to see that he was dead, then walked across the street and surrendered himself.

THE ALLIANCE.

PHILADELPHIA, October 13.—The Evangelical Alliance arrived here this evening and were welcomed by Judge Pierce, for the Mayor, in Independence Hall. Beecher also spoke, extending the right hand of fellowship on behalf of the whole country.

At the Evangelical ceremonies in Independence Hall, Rev. C. Dallas Marston, Vicar of London, said forty years ago he had taught Sunday school in the church of Epiphany in Philadelphia, and although an Englishman, he felt he was partly American and was free to speak in the Hall of Independence.

Bishop, of Peterborough, England, Dr. Fouchet, [illegible] and Rev. Sheshadris, of Bombay, also made short addresses.

The Dean of Canterbury closed the services in the Hall with prayer, after which the delegates proceeded in a body to the banquet

THE CRISIS GETTING OVER.

NEW YORK, October 13.—The National Trust Company resumed business to-day, paying depositors in certified checks on the Central National Bank, their Clearing House. The Union Trust Company has not yet begun to pay depositors. 170,000 pounds sterling was received at the assay to-day. Total to date 697,000 pounds.

THE YELLOW SCOURGE.

MEMPHIS STILL RAVAGED AND NEEDING HELP.

MONTGOMERY, October 13.—One fever death in 48 hours.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—The Common Council to-day appropriated $15,000 for the relief of Memphis. The Mayor received a telegram from the Mayor of Memphis this evening, saying in the following language:

"I am pained to have to say the disease is spreading and not abating, and we still have to ask and accept aid from abroad. Our greatest wants are money, blankets and provisions. The Board have appointed a committee of five to co-operate with the city authorities for relieving Memphis."

ADDITIONAL ABOUT THE CARTAGENA NAVAL BATTLE,

LONDON, October 13—A special to the Times says, Gen'l Sebalos has ordered the people living in the vicinity of Cartagena to quit their houses as a general bombardment, by sea and land, will soon be opened.

The correspondent of the daily News telegraphs from Cartagena that the naval action was brought on by an attempt of the insurgent fleet to escape to Oran, in Algeria. Additional particulars of the fight show that the rebel ships failed to support each other. The Numancia fired wildly. Tenton behaved with the greatest gallantry possible, and was frequently cheered by the spectators on the shore, among whom were hundreds of foreigners. She narrowly escaped capture, owing to her boldness in coming to too close quarters. An attempt was made by the government fleet to cut off her retreat, but failed.

COTHAM GOSSIP.

NEGRO EQUALITY—HOFFMAN AS CONGRESSMAN—PIANO MAKERS ALL RIGHT.

NEW YORK, October 13.—In the case of the colored men against Wallack for non-admission to the theatre Judge Barrett to-day allowed the defendant to put in an unverified answer, which is considered adverse to the plaintiffs.

It is reported that ex-Governor Hoffman will be nominated by the Democrats, as successor to James Brooks for Congress, and not S. S. Cox, as heretofore stated.

Leading houses in the piano trade to-day deny any intention of reducing wages. A few of the smaller houses have ceased operations for a short time, owing to inability at present of making collections.

Two demurrers having been overruled. Mrs. Remsen, of Brooklyn, to-day applied to renew the suit against the late health officer for $10,000 damages, for causing the death of her son by removing him from her home to a small-pox hospital.

Twenty-three hundred emigrants arrived to-day.

ILLICIT DOOM.

A BLOODY TRAGEDY BY A BETRAYED HUSBAND.

ST. LOUIS, October 13.—A special dispatch from Carrollton, Missouri, gives an account of a terrible tragedy enacted near there. Robert Austin, a young farmer, residing near that place, suspected his wife of infidelity, and on Friday left home, saying he was going to the St. Louis Fair, to be absent for several days. He went to the depot, but returned and secreted himself in a closet in his wife's bed room, armed with a double-barrel shot gun. His wife soon retired, and shortly after Elijah Haley entered the room and undressed himself. As he was getting into bed, Austin sprang out and fired, but missed Haley, and the shot entered his wife's abdomen. Austin fired again at Haley and killed him instantly. Mrs. Austin died Saturday afternoon. Austin surrendered to the authorities. All the parties are highly connected.

GERMANY WILL HAVE NO EMIGRATION.

BERLIN, October 13.—The Ministers of Commerce and the Interior have issued instructions to district authorities to expel all emigration agents who are domiciled in Germany.

FRANCE.

REPUBLICAN STOCK RISING A LITTLE.

PARIS, October 13.—Republican deputies waited on ex-President Thiers to-day and tendered their congratulations on the victory in the provinces. Thiers expressed his gratification at the result of the elections because it would strengthen the hands of the opponents of monarchical schemes. Deputies have also sent a telegram to Remusat expressing their joy at his success. The members of the Left Center will meet on the 23d instant, the extreme Republicans on the 25th, and the moderate Republicans on the 27th, to designate members of the General Committee of Management. Under the law the government must order elections for the Assembly in the Department of Aub on the 20th instant. It is probable that elections also will be held on the same day in the Department of the Lower Seine, the Seine, the Aise and Finisterre.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Cotton, net receipts 83 bales; gross 6,818.

Cotton weak and irregular; sales 1,524 bales at 17¼@18 1-2.

Cotton sales for future delivery closed steady at a decline, sales 22,300 bales, as follows: October, 16 29-32@16 15-16. November 16 3-4@16 25-32. December 16 3-4@16 25-32. January 16 13-16@16 27-32. February 17@17 1-32. March 17 5-32@17 7-32. April 17 1-4@17 3-8.

Southern flour heavy and lower; $6 50a$7 10 for common to fair extra; $7 25a$11 for good to choice extra. Whisky lower at 93 1-2@94. Wheat one cent lower; $1 54a$1 58 for winter red Western. Corn heavy and one cent lower at 50; 50a51 for steamer Western mixed. Pork dull and lower; new mess $16 1-2. Beef quiet and steady; mess 8 1-2@10. Lard steady at 8 1-4. Turpentine quiet at 41. Rosin quiet at $2 80@$2 85. Tallow weak at 7 5-8@7 11-10.

Money more active; sight and interest 3-16; interest on exchange firmer at 6 3-4. Gold 8 3-8@8 1-2. Governments dull and irregular. States heavy and lower.

LATER.—6's, 14½; 62s, 6½; 64s, 6½; 65s, 7½; new 10½; 67s, 11 1-2; 68s, 10 1-8; new 5s, 6 3-4; 10-40s, 5½; Tennessees 70 1-4; new 70 1-4; Virginias 36; new 40; Consol 45; deferred 2; Louisiana 7s, sold 59; levee 6s, 70½; 8s, Alabama 8s, 70; 6s, no bid; Georgia 7s, no bid; 7s, no bid; North Carolinas 20; new 15 1-2; special tax 10; South Carolina 27 1-2; new 10; April and October 15.

ST. LOUIS, October 13.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn steady; No 2 mixed 43½ on east side in elevator; 44a44½ in warehouse on this side. Whisky lower at 94. Pork dull and lower at $15. Bacon good order demand at easier prices. Shoulders 8 1-2, clear rib 9 1-2@, clear sides 9¾@10 1-2, according to terms of payment. Lard unchanged.

LOUISVILLE, October 19.—Flour in fair demand and firm. Corn steady at 63a65, shelled. Packed pork quiet at $15. Bacon in light demand; shoulders 8 5 8; clear rib 8 3-4@9, packed. Lard steady; tierce 8 1-4@9, keg

ARCHER, October 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 15½ receipts 664; sales 406.

MEMPHIS, October 13.—Cotton inactive; low middlings 17; receipts 1,467; shipments 1,393; stock 13,180.

NEW ORLEANS, October 13.—Cotton dull and entirely nominal; middlings 18 3-8a18 5-8; low middlings 17 3-8a17 5-8; strict good ordinary 16 3-8a16 5-8; receipts 3,725; gross 4,049; exports to continent 3,006; exports coastwise 897; sales 500; stock 94,144.

NORFOLK, October 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17; net receipts 2,145 bales; exports coastwise 735; sales 200; stock 6,425.

BALTIMORE, October 13.—Cotton dull and lower; middlings 17½; low middlings 16½; strict good ordinary 16; net receipts 29 bales; gross 373; exports coastwise 107; sales 175; stock 2,061.

SAVANNAH, October 13.—Cotton unchanged; middlings 16 5-8; net receipts 5,065 bales; exports coastwise 3,368; sales 535; stock 29,771.

BOSTON, October 13.—Cotton dull; middlings 18½; net receipts 68; gross 676; sales 300; stock 8,000.

WILMINGTON, October 13.—Cotton quiet and nominal; middlings 17; net receipts 134; exports coastwise 379; stock 996.

PHILADELPHIA, October 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18 1-2; low middlings 17 3 4 on street; good ordinary 17; net receipts 11 bales; gross 200.

GALVESTON, October 13.—Cotton weak; good ordinary 18 1-2; Texas ordinary 18 1-4; net receipts 371 bales; exports coastwise 1,706; sales 150; stock 8,605.

MOBILE, October 13.—Cotton dull; middlings 17; low middlings 16½; strictly good ordinary 15½; net receipts 2,255; exports coastwise 956; sales 300; stock 10,993.

CHARLESTON, October 13.—Cotton lower and in fair demand; middlings 16½; low middlings 15½a15 3-4; strictly good ordinary 15; net receipts 2,712; exports coastwise 2,579; sales 500; stock 13,891.

CHARLESTON, October 13.—Arrived—Ashland, W. H. Parks, W. E. Manghum, Barco. Captain Beveridge was lost overboard, and his vessel injured. The schooner Wigtail, Jacksonville for Bridgeport, had her sails blown away, and C. Henrietta Hill, A. S. Gaskill, W. H. Parks.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—Flour quiet at $7a7 10. Corn quiet at 51. Provisions quiet with an improved tone; transactions generally small. Pork quiet; held at $15. Lard quiet; steam held—new 7 5-8; old 7 3-4; kettle 8 1-8; jobbing sales at 8. Bacon irregular; jobbing sales of shoulders at 8a8 1-4; clear rib 9 1-4; clear 8 1-2a8 3-4. Whisky irregular at 89a90, mostly at 90.

LIVERPOOL, October 13, 5 P. M.—Cotton sales to-day 5,000 bales of American; sales of uplands on a basis of good ordinary, shipped October or November, 8 7-8; do. shipped November or December, 8 3-4.

LONDON, October 13, evening.—Spirits of Turpentine 33s 9d. to 34s.

NEW ORLEANS, October 13.—Flour—very small local demand; extra $6a6 25; double extra $6 50; treble extra $7 25a8; family $9a9 75. Corn scarce at 80. Oats quiet at 58a60. Bran in store $1 10. Hay scarce; prime $28; choice $30a32. Dry salted meats—shoulders 9. Bacon nominal; shoulders 8 3-4; clear rib 9; clear sides 9 1-2; hams 14a15. Lard dull; tierces 8 3-4a9; keg 10a10 1-2. Sugar—nothing doing. Molasses—10 barrels of new syrup sold at 61. Whisky dull; Louisiana 94; Cincinnati $1 02. Coffee 22a23 3-4. Corn meal scarce at $3 40.

Gold nominal. Currency 4a5 premium. Exchange—Sterling bank 18a19. New York Sight 2a4 premium.

The cotton presses having advanced the rates for compressing, the shipmasters and their agents met and resolved not to pay the rate demanded. A cotton blockade is imminent.

By the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Company.

NEW YORK, October 13, P. M.—Gold 8 3-8. Cotton—Receipts at Savannah, 5,065; at Norfolk, 2,145; at Baltimore, 29.

Gold closed at 8 3-8a8 1-2.

Spot cotton closes weak and irregular; sales to spinners 979; export 516; speculation 29; low middling 17 1-4; middling 17 3-4. Other grades reduced 3-8.

Futures weak; sales 22,300; October 16 29-32; November and December 16 13-16; January 16 7-8; February 17; March 17 1-8.

4 P. M.—Receipts at New Orleans 3,725; Charleston 2,712; Galveston 371; Mobile 2,255; Wilmington 134; Boston 68; all ports 16,836.

HYMENEAL.

WEST—SPEER.—Married, at the residence of John Cauthens, at Barnesville, October 9th, by Rev. J. M. Wood, James F. West, of Atlanta, to Miss Lou R. Speer, of Barnesville, Georgia.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

J. G. KELLY is announced as a candidate for Alderman from the Third Ward subject to the Democratic nomination on the 25th of this month.
oct13-didtn. MANY FRIENDS

To the Citizens of the Fourth Ward

I am a candidate to represent you as Alderman from your ward at the coming election, subject to a Democratic nomination.
CHAS. PINCKNEY.

For Alderman Sixth Ward.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Alderman for the Sixth Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination, to be held on 23th of October.
M. E. MAHER.

For Alderman Fifth Ward.

Editors Constitution: Please announce the name of Colonel T. M. ACTON a candidate for the position of Alderman from the Fifth Ward, subject to Democratic nomination. He will be supported by
oct7-dtdn MANY CITIZENS.

JOHN H. GOLDSMITH will be supported by the citizens of the Fifth Ward for Alderman for the year 1874, subject to the Democratic nomination.
oct8-dtdn

M. T. SIMMONS will be supported by the citizens of the Fifth Ward for Alderman for the year 1874, subject to the Democratic nomination.
oct8-didn

For Mayor.

The name of Major A. LEYDEN is announced as a candidate for Mayor, subject to the Democratic nomination on the 25th.
oct2-3td MANY CITIZENS.

WE are authorized to announce J. N. LANGSTON as a candidate for Alderman from the Seventh Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination. oct2—td

WE are authorized to announce J. C. McMILLAN as a candidate for Alderman from the Seventh Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination. oct2—td

WE are authorized to announce R. C. YOUNG as a candidate for Alderman from the Third Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination. oct2—td

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Alderman from the First Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination on Saturday, the 11th day of October, 1873.
oct2—dtlthO JOHN F. MORRIS.

For Alderman—First Ward.

EDS. CONSTITUTION—Please announce my name as a candidate for Alderman from the First Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination on Saturday, the 11th day of October, 1873.
sep30-td JOHN B. GOODWIN.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL—ABSOLUTELY safe. Perfectly odorless. Always unfailing. Illuminating qualities superior to gas. Burns in any lamp without danger of exploding or ta

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1873.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar31-1y

Medicine & Fox Have Kept it Up Since 1865.

To supply the trade with pure drugs, paints and oils. Of a consequence, when the people need a good article call on

july17-dtf REDWINE & FOX.

State and County Tax Payers.
TAKE NOTICE!

am positively commanded by the COMPTROLLER GENERAL to close the STATE AND COUNTY TAX BOOKS within the time prescribed by the Tax Act of the last General Assembly.

am left no discretion. Come forward and save costs. S. R. HOYLE, T. C.

OFFICE: Alabama street, nearly opposite Austell's Bank. sep23—d20tf

Prices of all goods marked in plain figures, only one price. Robes $2 25 to $12 00; walking and train skirts 50 cents to $6 25; chemises, to $2 50, drawers 75 cents to $2, corset covers $1 25 $4 50, toilet sacques $1 25 to $7, aprons 40 cents t $1—all made of the finest undressed material—at 42 Marietta street, opposite the Post Office.

aug8-dodtf MRS. BROOKE.

Carley, Duck & Co.!

Atlanta Branch Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 28 Pryor street. Pure Leads, Lard, Linseed, and Burning Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window-Glass, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Waters and Oi (more, etc., a speciality. apr15-eodly

REMOVED.—Lochrey has moved his office for the receiving and delivery of work to East Hunter street, opposite the Christian Church. He can now fill orders with better dispatch than before. When you want to dye go to Lochrey's. oct7-tf

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—See application of Aaron Shirley for homestead.

Stores for rent at auction.—C. C. Hammock.

Notice of bankruptcy of John Durden—W. H. Smyth.

See notice of Frank Ryan, City Clerk.

Large and suitable rent list—See advertisement of Robert Crawford.

Bishop Gross' photographs, etc., for sale—M Lynch & Co.

THIS week's CONSTITUTION may be had at the counter for 5 cents a copy.

OUR stock of Ladies' Dress Goods never so complete as now. CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & Co.

oct12 2t

BANKRUPT BLANKS for sale at THE CONSTITUTION Job Office. oct12-tf

WE make a specialty of Black and Colored Silk and invite inspection from all.

Oct12-3t CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & Co.

FOR RENT.—A new four-room cottage on Rawson street, near Washington. JNO. R. KENDRICK, Marietta street.

COMMITTED TO JAIL.—We learn that yesterday Mr. Henry Holmes was committed to Fulton county jail. He was indicted for perjury by the grand jury, and was committed in default of a bond of $6,000.

NEW EATING SALOON.—Go to John Dominí's, if you want something good to eat. Also, Mobile Shell Oysters just arrived, at 50 cents per dozen.

oct14-2t

THE VERY BEST.—THE CONSTITUTION Job Office employs the best printers, uses the best material, does the best work, and turns it out quicker, than any other office. If you don't believe it, try it.

oct13-tf

THE CARPET STORE.—The largest and most complete line of Carpets ever before offered at any carpet house in Georgia just received and now open for inspection at the Carpet Store of

oct12-2t CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & Co.

THE CONSTITUTION Job Office last week received orders for work from various towns on the railroads leading out of Atlanta. We are fully prepared to do all kinds of job work as quick and as cheap as any establishment in the South. oct12-tf

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS wide enough to cover the largest dining rooms, in new and beautiful designs, just received at the Carpet Store of

oct12 2t CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & Co.

ATTENTION COTTON MERCHANTS.—If you want Bill Heads, Statements, or any Blanks used in your business, send your orders to THE CONSTITUTION Job OFFICE. We print for the cotton merchants from all parts of the State, and give entire satisfaction.

oct13-tf

TO MERCHANTS.—Bear in mind that THE CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE has no *superior* in this sunny land. It is thoroughly equipped to do everything in the shape of Job Printing. We fear no competition, and are willing to compare prices and work with any similar establishment in this State, or out of it.

oct12-tf

LECTURE TO-NIGHT.—Doctor A. L. Hamilton will lecture at Trinity Church to-night on the very important subject of "The Physical Culture of Woman." The lecture will commence at eight o'clock. The seats are free, and our public are cordially invited to attend. We have no doubt but that the known ability of the lecturer will secure him a good audience.

ST. LOUIS, MO., October 13, 1873.

Messrs. J. E. Godfrey and Son, Agents St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Injunction dissolved. Court decided by plaintiff's own showing that the Company is solvent. Renewed energy will characterize the efforts of all the officers. The company's course from this time will be progressive.

WM. J. LEWIS, President.

OUR CHURCHES SUNDAY.—Right Reverend Bishop Gross preached at the Catholic Church to crowded congregations.

Rev. Dr. Hicks preached at Trinity and the First Methodist Church yesterday, and his sermons are spoken of as very able.

Generous Contribution.

The Israelites of Atlanta have, up to this date, contributed two hundred and fifty dollars to the Shreveport and Memphis sufferers. This is certainly doing nobly.

JUST AND PROPER.—We are glad to chronicle the kindly and proper action, of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, in paying the funeral expenses of Mr. Sylvester Green, who was run over and killed on Saturday night, by their engine "Phillips." We learn that the Road has paid for the coffin, clothing and in fact, every expense incident to the funeral. The funeral occurred on Sunday, and was largely attended by the friends of the deceased.

ON CHANGE.—There was a pretty fair attendance yesterday morning, considering the obtained idea that Monday's are blue days in business, President Crane presided.

There was the usual discussion of the financial situation, together with a discussion as to how certain drafts were to be met. It was decided that exchange would have to be used, in almost every instance, as the currency was hardly to be had for love for premium.

The changes will be found in the column of markets.

The Performance of the Lu-Lu Combination.

Concordia Hall was packed last night to witness the last appearance of this famed company in Atlanta. Every seat in the hall was occupied, as indeed most of the standing room, before the curtain rose. The performances, as a whole, were fine, and well merited the patronage they received.

Some of the dancing, however, was slightly gross, and passed somewhat of the variety style.

The two Fairies—Miss Montague and Miss Beane—are simply charming. The former, in the extravaganza of "Love's Suspicion," performed her difficult role finely, and, although she played several characters, did well in them all. Miss Fannie Beane is the brightest little waiting maid we have seen for many a day, and, as Lieutenant Firebrand, is inimitable.

Mr. G. A. Beane and Mr. J. F. Raymond played their parts capitally. The latter dances well. One of the events of the evening was the gymnastic exercise of Ala. He well merits the reputation he has achieved and was loudly applauded.

Mr. Fred LeClair has acquired a familiarity with the "trotting wire" which is wonderful. He is a commercial performer and won much applause.

The pantomime entitled "Grimaldi" was splendid, and kept the audience convulsed with laughter. The several parts could not have been sustained better. The mimicry of Miss Beane is very graceful. The young lady won much applause. The entertainment for more than repays the visitor for the price of his ticket. To-night is the last night, and those of our readers who want to secure reserved seats must call upon Messrs. Phillips & Crew early, or they will be disposed of to those who are based in be very great.

ATLANTA'S PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The Second Annual Report of the Superintendent, Mr. B. Mallon.

The Schools in Satisfactory Condition, Doing Good Work and Constantly Improving.

ATLANTA'S GLORY.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

To the Board of Education of the City of Atlanta:

GENTLEMEN—I have the honor to submit the second annual report of the condition of the schools under your charge.

The schools were opened in September last, (1872,) after a vacation of two months, with full numbers, and a complete organization. The enthusiasm of both scholars and teachers, which was so noticeable in all the schools during the first five months of their existence, seemed not in the least to have abated. During the year, however, the novelty having somewhat passed away, very naturally certain defects in the details of instruction and management have appeared. These defects are not serious; they will be remedied by time and the increasing power and skill of the teachers, and by the inherent virtue of the public school system itself.

In the main the schools are in a satisfactory condition, doing good work, and constantly improving. The organization and classification are nearly perfect; the course of study is liberal and well-planned, admirably combining the practical, the disciplinary, and the esthetic; and the teachers are rapidly improving both the instruction and the discipline of their schools.

I invite your attention to the following statistics of the schools for the year ending August 31, 1873:

ATTENDANCE.

Population of Atlanta according to United States census of 1870	21,789
Number of children between six and eighteen, according to enumeration returns of 1872	9,438
Total number of pupils enrolled during the year	3,594
Average number belonging	2,731
Average daily attendance	2,268
Enrolled in High Schools	301
Enrolled in Boys' High School	131
Enrolled in Girls' High School	170
Enrolled in Grammar Schools	3,393
Enrolled in Colored Schools	1 153
Enrolled in White Schools	2,441
Number of Teachers	57
Number of Teachers in High Schools	7
Number of Teachers in Grammar Schools	50
Number of Teachers in White Schools	43
Number of Teachers in Colored Schools	14
Number Male Teachers	8
Number Female Teachers	49
Average number of pupils to teacher	48
Total number of Schools	10
Number of High Schools	2
Number of Grammar Schools (white)	5
Number of Grammar Schools (colored)	3

FINANCES

Total expenses of the schools for the year ending August 31, 1873	$49 956 04
Amount of Teachers' salaries	40,851 00
Cost per scholar per annum for instruction	15 00
Cost per scholar per annum, including all expenses	18 29

RECEIPTS.

From City Tax Collector	43,675 18
From Peabody Fund	2,000 00
From State appropriation	6,531 30
Total	$57,206 48

EXPENDITURES.

Salaries, (of Teachers, Janitors, Superintendent and Treasurer)	$40,851 00
Building and repairs	1,780 16
Rents	3,286 66
Supplies	2,064 02
Furniture	35 00
Printing	511 50
Insurance	438 00
Interest	928 35
Incidentals	61 35
Total	$49 956 04
Balance, applied to reduction of indebtedness of the Board	$7,250 44

The indebtedness of the Board at the beginning of the school year, September 1, 1872, was $15,253. This amount has been reduced to $8,002 56, and, with strict economy in the management of the schools, we may hope to free ourselves form all indebtedness by the close of another year.

The number of scholars enrolled during the year has been 3,594, against 2,812 the first year of the schools.

The cost per scholar, per annum, has been $18 29 against $18 82 last year. With the extension of the schools from year to year, the average cost per scholar will continue to diminish, since the enlargement will be chiefly of schools of lower grade. It will, however, prove a false economy to endeavor to hold this cost much less than $20 per annum. It cannot be done except at the sacrifice of the interests of the schools. Either the salaries of teachers must be made so low that teachers of proper qualifications cannot be retained, or the number of scholars to the teacher must be made so great as to forbid effective teaching; or still further, suitable apparatus and other facilities for instruction, must be denied to the schools.

SCHOOL HOUSES.

The school accommodations have been considerably extended and improved during the year. In March, the building corner of Washington and Mitchell streets, formerly occupied by Oglethorpe College, was leased from the trustees of that college for three years, for the use of the Girls' High School. The house was thoroughly repaired, and on the first of April, the Girls' High School was removed to that building.

On the first of May the Haynes street school was opened for colored children This school accommodates about 250 scholars, with four teachers.

By the liberality of the City Council, a new school building has been erected on Marietta street, to take the place of the old Luckie street house, which was unfit for school purposes. The Marietta school building, like the other school houses built by the city, is a two-story wooden building with eight rooms. It has several improvements on the houses previous'y built. The school rooms are larger, the hall is wider and unobstructed, there is a cloak and hat room attached to each school room, and an extra room for library, with shelves for books and apparatus.

The house is well built, complete and admirable in all its details and appointments, elegant in its general appearance, and is altogether an ornament to the city. For this valuable addition to our school accommodations, the Board of Education and the community generally are under obligations to the City Council, and especially to the efficient chairman of the Committee on Public Buildings, Hon. D. A. McDuffie, for his zeal and faithfulness in supervising the work from its inception to its completion. The architect was Mr. Calvin Fay, to whom is due the beauty of the design, and most of the improvements in the plan and details of the house.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The course of study remains the same as last year, and seems to require no change at present. It will be found in the appendix to this report. The following changes of text books have been made by the Board:

Sanford's Common School Arithmetic is used in the first, second and third grades of the Grammar Schools instead of the Analytical Arithmetic by the same author; Stephens' History of the United States is in the third grade instead of Holmes' United States; and Swinton's Word Primer is used in the sixth and seventh grades. Holmes' Sixth Reader is used in the High Schools.

These changes of text books have in no way altered the course of study.

LANGUAGE.

The course in this department is full, and of the most practical kind. Facility in the right use of language is acquired not so much by the study of the formal rules of grammar and rhetoric, as by the constant practice of speaking and writing under wise guidance and judicious criticism. The following course is chiefly relied on to give power and skill in the use of our own language:

Spelling, both oral and written; reading, with a thorough study of the words, sentences, and the thoughts expressed; daily exercises in copying, dictation, writing or reciting the substance of reading lessons, oral and written descriptions of pictures, reproduction of incidents and stories read or related by the teachers, writing letters, written recitations and examinations in the various studies, translations in French and Latin, both oral and written; weekly composition begun in the fourth grade of the Grammar School, and continued throughout the entire course; English Grammer studied thoroughly in the Grammar Schools, and reviewed in the High Schools; rhetoric, and an extended course in English literature with a careful reading of the principal English classics; Latin, French. This is the regular course which all are required to take. Boys who are preparing to enter college take Greek, and omit French.

MATHEMATICS.

Arithmetic is completed in the Grammar Schools and reviewed in the High Schools, where Algebra, Geometry, and Trigonometry are taken up in succession.

SCIENCE.

In the Grammar Schools, Geography, the simplest and most important of the practical sciences, is taught in the fifth, fourth, and second grades, and continued as Physical Geography in the first year of the High Schools. Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Physiology, and Astronomy complete the course in the High Schools. History of the United States and England occupies two years in the Grammar Schools, in the third and first grades. General History, ancient and modern, is read in the High Schools.

MUSIC.

Instrumental music cannot, for obvious reasons, be conveniently taught in the public schools. It is, therefore, properly left to private instruction, and is attended to in time outside of the regular school hours.

Vocal music occupies a place in the regular course of study and is taught in nearly all the schools. The instruction is given by the regular teachers, but, since few of them are specially qualified to give instruction in this branch, the results are not so satisfactory in all the schools as could be desired. Still, they, by exchanging with one another or by combining two or more classes, are enabled to accomplish very creditable results. The children are taught to read simple music, to sing in correct time, and some attention is given to musical taste and expression.

A special teacher in this department is greatly needed to instruct the regular teachers, and to supervise the work in the schools. The propriety of introducing vocal music into the schools is generally admitted; but it is by many considered only a recreation—an amusement. It is more than this—it is a refining influence in the school. It is an excellent physical exercise, and often safely carries off the restless energies of the children, which won'd otherwise find vent in troublesome disorder.

The general cultivation of music in our schools will not only render school life more pleasant and attractive to our children, but by means of it their moral nature may be powerfully and favorably affected.

HIGH SCHOOLS.

The High Schools have been well sustained throughout the year. The number enrolled in the Boys' High School has been 131; in the Girls' High School 170.

At the close of the schools in June a class was graduated from each of these schools, consisting of eleven from the Girls' School and five from the Boys'. This was the first graduating class of the Public Schools. Their graduating exercises, which were held at the Representatives Hall, in the Capitol building, on the evening of the first of July, were of an interesting character, and were largely attended by the citizens of Atlanta.

The Girls' High School has a course of study for four years, and at present consists of four classes with four teachers.

The Boys' High School has a three years' course of study, with three classes and three teachers. The course in the Boys' School is too limited; it should occupy four years. It can be so extended as soon as the number of pupils will justify the formation of four classes.

The two classes in the High Schools, consisting of fifty girls and forty-five boys, who were received at the beginning of the school year, have been very successful in their work, and all of them who have been in attendance throughout the year have been advanced to the next grade.

They were promoted from the Grammar Schools last year on examination, and were consequently better prepared for High School work than were the classes preceding them.

GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

The number of these schools is eight, five for white children, and three for colored. With the exception of two of the colored schools, they are all named after the streets upon which they are located They are here named in the order of their organization, as follows:

Ivy Street School, Crew Street School, Walker Street School, Decatur Street School, Luckie Street School (now Marietta Street School,) Storr's School, (colored) on Houston street, Summer Hill School, (colored) on —— street, and Haynes Street School (colored)

The Luckie Street School house was abandoned at the end of the school year in June, and during the next year the school will occupy the new Marietta Street house.

The number enrolled in the several Grammar Schools during the year is as follows:

Ivy Street School	478
Crew Street School	484
Walker Street School	581
Luckie Street School	360
Decatur Street School	245
Storr's School	442
Summer Hill School	263
Haynes Street School	343
Total in Grammar Schools	3,293

At the annual examination in June, the number of scholars promoted to the High School, was as follows:

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Ivy street School	11	16	27
Crew Street School	11	14	25
Walker Street School	9	16	25
Luckie Street School	9	13	22
Decatur Street School	2	1	3
Total	42	60	102

In the Summer Hill and Haynes Street Schools there were no scholars who had completed the usual Grammar School course, and therefore, no classes graduated from those schools. In the Starr's School the first class, numbering thirty-one, completed the Grammar School course in June, and left the school, no provision having been made by the Board for continuing their education in advanced studies.

COLORED SCHOOLS.

There are three schools for colored children under the care and supervision of the Board.

The Storrs School, on Houston street, was originally established, and for several years maintained, by the American Missionary Association. The building and grounds are owned by that society, but are given to the Board free of rent, the American Missionary Society nominating the teachers subject to examination and approval of the Board of Education.

The Summer Hill School, on —— street, was established by the Freedman's Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and the house and grounds are now owned by that society. The house is given to the Board free of rent, the Board appointing teachers, and agreeing to keep the building and grounds in order.

The Haynes Street School occupies the building known as the old Friendship Baptist Church, (colored,) corner of Haynes and Mangham streets. The house was rented on the 1st of January, 1873. It is divided into four rooms and accommodates 250 scholars.

These three schools have received nearly all applicants during the year just closed, but the schools were very much crowded. It will probably be necessary to considerably increase the accommodations for another year. It will be better to enlarge the present schools, if practicable, than to increase the number of schools.

TEACHERS.

There has been a manifest improvement in the character of the work done in the schools, due chiefly to the increased skill and success of the teachers. Nearly all the teachers have, in a good degree, secured the confidence and affection of the children under their charge, and have maintained good discipline without resort to violent measures. There has also been an evident improvement in the quality of the instruction given, as shown by the results of the monthly, term, and annual examinations. The teachers, almost without exception, have exhibited great zeal in their profession, availing themselves of every opportunity for instruction in normal class and elsewhere, in order to better fit themselves for their responsible duties.

The teacher's duties are by no means so simple and so light as many people suppose. To keep fifty children in order for the six hours of the school day, to train them in good habits, to keep them well employed, to restrain the wayward, to stimulate the idle and sluggish, to keep them all interested in the work of the school, to spend an hour outside of school in correcting the written exercises of the day, add another hour in preparing for the work of the next day—will so tax the vital energies of a faithful teacher, that there are few who can bear the nervous strain without serious detriment to health.

NON-RESIDENT PUPILS.

At the regular meeting of the Board in August last the following resolution in relation to the admission of children whose parents are not residents of the city, was adopted:

Resolved, That non-resident pupils be admitted to the Public Schools on their paying tuition in advance each term, and provided that there is room, so that they do not prevent the admission of resident pupils.

The rates of tuition were fixed as follows:

For Grammar Schools, per annum, $15.00.

First term, four months	$10.00
Second term, three months	7.50
Third term, three months	7.50
	$25.00

For High Schools, per annum, $40.00.

First term, four months	$16 00
Second term, three months	12,00
Third term, three months	12,00
	$40,00

The tuition must be paid in advance each term to the Treasurer of the Board.

DEFECTS.

While the organization and classification of our schools, the course of study, and in general our school houses, are quite satisfactory, it must be admitted that many of the schools have not attained a high standard of discipline. There has been too much noise in the movements of the scholars, too much communication with one another at their seats, and generally too much disorder allowed.

The teachers are aware of this defect, and are making earnest efforts to improve the discipline of the schools and make it what it should be. Perhaps the most valuable result of good school training are the habits of obedience, of self-control, of quiet and orderly bearing, of punctuality, of industry, and of systematic attention to duty, which are sure to be attained in a well-conducted school. These habits are of more importance in the formation of character, and have more to do with success in life, than the amount of knowledge acquired in the schools.

I trust that at the end of another year I shall be able to say that the discipline of the schools is greatly improved, and that all the teachers have learned how to control the hearts, the thoughts, and the hands of the children under their care.

OPPOSING ELEMENTS.

The general education of the people of a community and the best means of attaining such result is the most important of social problems. You, gentlemen of the Board of education, have endeavored to solve this great problem for the city by the establishment of Public Schools. The great body of our people were prepared for and desired their establishment, and are now satisfied with the schools. It is not to be denied, however, that there are several classes of our citizens who are opposed to them, either wholly or in part, while there are other still who are not pleased with their management.

It is impossible that so great a public interest, touching as this does all the families of our community, should be so managed as to give satisfaction to all. There are chronic fault finders in every community, men of peculiar views, and there are those also who look with disfavor upon every project not devised or directed by themselves. Prejudice and a narrow self-interest influence others, and lead them to oppose the schools. In all the schools, too, there are a few children who are not successful, and who do not advance with their classes, owing often to their mental incapacity, perhaps, but due sometimes, no doubt, to the want of skill and tact on the part of the teachers. To the parents of such child on the schools of course appear to be a failure.

Time, and the successful onward march of the schools under your wise management, will gradually remove both prejudice and misapprehension and reduce to a minimum the number of those who are opposed to the education of all the people by a general system of public schools, free to all, rich and poor.

CONCLUSION.

In conclusion, I desire to return my thanks to the Board of Education for their kind personal consideration, and for their readiness to supply everything essential to the welfare of the schools. The various committees of the Board have had responsible duties to perform, exacting much of their time, but they have discharged them faithfully, in the interest and for the good of the schools, without compensation other than that which comes to all who labor disinterestedly for the public good.

I feel it incumbent on me to make special mention of the efficient and impartial manner in which the Committee on Teachers and Text Books have discharged their onerous and often thankless duties. I have been profoundly impressed with the singleness of purpose of this committee, and of the Board generally, in laboring for the best interests of the schools. It is would be unnecessary, and indeed would be improper to mention in this connection but for the fact that some of the disappointed applicants for the position of teacher, and their indiscreet friends, are ready to prefer charges of favoritism against this committee and the Board.

I wish also to express my thanks to the teachers of the schools, who have always cordially co-operated with me in all plans and methods suggested for the improvement of the schools.

Very respectfully,

B MALLON, Superintendent.

ATLANTA, September 25, 1873

Appeal to the Ex-Cadets of the Georgia Military Institute.

To the Ex-Cadets and Officers of the Georgia Military Institute:

In July, 1872, a small number of the ex-Cadets and Professors of the Georgia Military Institute met in the city of Marietta and organized themselves into the "Association of ex-Cadets and Professors of the Georgia Military Institute," and elected—

Captain Jno. Milledge, President.

H. A. Dunwoody, Esq., Secretary.

D. J. Dobbs, Esq., Treasurer.

Captain Milledge, through the papers of the State, called on all the ex-Cadets and Professors to meet in convention on the first day of September, 1873, in the city of Atlanta.

In response to this invitation, about eighty of us met, and enrolled ourselves as members of the Association, at the same time changing the name thereof, from Association of ex-Cadets and Professors, to Association of ex Cadets and Officers of the G. M. I., and stating that the objects of the Association were:

1. To cherish the remembrance of the days we spent at the Georgia Military Institute; of the friendships we there formed; and of the whole deeds of her sons.

2. To compile, as nearly as possible, a complete roster of all who were ever in any way connected with the Institution; and especially a roll of honor of all those who died in defense of their country.

3. And, above all, to do everything in our power individually and collectively, to re-establish our beloved Alma Mater.

We would, therefore, earnestly urge all those who retain any love for the Georgia Military Institute for the State of Georgia, or for the cause of education, to enrol their names as members of the Association, and to aid us with all their power, in a work calculated to be of so much benefit to the State. At all events send us your names, with the date of entering and of leaving, as well as your present occupation, and the position you held during the war, with the command to which you were attached. Also, please send us the names of all those in your knowledge who have died, with the date and circumstances of their death. Also, the names of any who are at so great a distance that they will probably not see this address.

The Association is organized with the following officers, viz:

Captain John Milledge, Atlanta, President.

John T. Freeman, Macon; James W. Robertson, Marietta; L. I. Hill, Newnan; J. B. Bridges, Atlanta, Vice-Presidents.

Charles J. Pratt, Griffin, Secretary.

C. W. Henderson, ——, together with a board of trustees, consisting of ten from the Association, and five from the State at large, whose duty it shall be to examine into the merits of the different localities proposed, and select a site; to use their influence with the Legislature to get a charter, and an appropriation for endowing and erecting the Institute.

The trustees selected from the Association are:

Col J W Robertson, of Cobb.
Gen P M B Young, of Bartow.
Gen R H Anderson, of Chatham.
Capt John Milledge, of Fulton.
Col E T Lawson, of Burke.
Maj S Freeman, of Bibb.
Capt J W Robertson, of Wilkes.
S J Hill, of Coweta.
W E H Searcy, of Spalding.

Gen G P Harrison, of Auburn, Ala.

Those from the State at large, are:

Gen Jos E Johnson, of Chatham.
Hon Jos B Brown, of Fulton.
Hon David Irwin, of Cobb.
Hon. J B Cumming, of Richmond.
Hon. W A Huff, of Bibb.

Thus it will be seen, we have some of the strongest and best men in the State engaged in the work.

Governor Smith, in an address delivered before our body, was kind enough to manifest a deep interest in the cause; and promised to do all in his power, for the re-establishment of the Institute.

We congratulate ourselves that we have made an excellent beginning, and with the aid of *all* the ex-Cadets, and officers, we shall be able to carry out our plans, to a successful and glorious consummation.

It is our Enterprise; it is we who owe a debt of gratitude to the G. M. I.; it is our friends; our children, and our State that are to be benefitted by the re-establishment of the Institute, and we must do the work.

We, therefore, again urge all who were ever in any way connected with the Georgia Military Institute, to send in your names to the secretary, and give us your countenance and aid.

A. SMITH, JR.,
Chairman Committee.

[The papers in the State friendly to the cause are requested to copy.—EDS. CONST.]

Personal.

Mr. Awtry, of the firm of Awtry & Cooper, of Acworth, was in the city yesterday.

Attention, Democratic First Ward!

There will be a meeting of the First Ward Democrats, at the R. E. Lee Engine House, at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

C. W. WELLS, President.

J. H. SMITH, Secretary.

COTTON.—Receipts yesterday 250 bales.

THE advertisement in Sunday's CONSTITUTION, headed "Caution," is claimed to be in regard to a simple business transaction, in which there is nothing criminal.

JUST RECEIVED, at Tim C. Murphy's Restaurant, a fine lot of Salmon Trout, and all kinds of fresh fish, shell oysters, etc.

A SPLENDID CARPET.—We yesterday saw at Messrs. Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.'s a splendid French moquette carpet. They imported it for Mr. S. M. Inman; it is ornamented with beautiful tropical flowers of every hue and shade. It cost $8 a yard. It is the only pattern of the kind in the United States. It can be seen for a few days, at Messrs. Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.'s store.

GERMANIA LOAN AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION.—The regular monthly meeting will be held at Concordia Hall to-night. Dues can be paid during the day at Beerman & Kuhrt's store, or at night at the hall.

CHARLES BEERMAN, Treasurer.

Er Lawshe's Jewelry Establishment

Passing down Whitehall street yesterday, we noticed a great stir in the handsome jewelry store of Er Lawshe. Stepping in we found the proprietor and a number of clerks unpacking boxes that were piled up almost to the ceiling. These contained the new stock just received, and one of the most magnificent ever brought South. The goods are fresh and new—no old stocks. So are almost the entire contents of the establishment, the old stock having been nearly exhausted. Splendid jewelry, watches, clocks, gold and silverware, the celebrated Arundel pebble spectacles, a splendid assortment of watch chains, bracelets, pocketbooks, opera glasses, and in fact everything in the line, fresh and new, are at Lawshe's. Call to-morrow, ladies and gentlemen of Atlanta, and strangers in the city, and feast your eyes upon things rich, beautiful, costly. But with all that, Er Lawshe will sell, at wholesale or retail, as cheap as anybody can sell such goods, unless said anybody stole them.

BISHOP GROSS' PHOTOGRAPHS.—Don't fail to call at M. Lynch & Co.'s Book Store, Whitehall street and get you a splendid likeness of the Bishop. They have two sizes for sale. Price $1 for the large, and 25 cents for the small. Every Catholic family should have one or more of these excellent photographs.

The St. Louis Mutual.

We clip the following from the Baltimore Underwriter:

In the lengthy petition of Mr. W. J. Lewis, President of the St. Louis Mutual Life, through his Attorney, to the Circuit Court of St. Louis county, to restrain the notorious E. A. Whitcomb from his absurd and vexatious proceedings against the company for the purpose of malicious annoyance—which injunction, by the way, was promptly granted by Judge Knight—occurs the following statement:

"Plaintiff is informed and believes, and so here charges, that in said suit, said Whitcomb, his attorneys and agents, are engaged in an illegal, wrongful, fraudulent and malicious combination, with other malicious and evil disposed persons, and particularly as plaintiff is informed and believes with the New York Life Insurance Company, its agents and attorneys, to harness, annoy and vex plaintiff; plaintiff says that it is informed and believes, and so states that the said defendant Whitcomb has in fact no pecuniary interest in said suit, but that he has confederated with other malicious persons who, plaintiff is informed and believes to be said Charles H. Peck, the New York Insurance Company and others, to carry on said proceedings by Whitcomb against this plaintiff to alarm the public, destroy confidence in plaintiff and by reducing plaintiff's resources, to compel plaintiff to reinsure in some other company which said Whitcomb and said others named expect to be the New York Life Insurance Company, and whereby Whitcomb shall make a margin, and that, to this end, it is intended by said Whitcomb to publish any and all testimony, legal or illegal, he may draw out of witnesses before said notary public at the taking of said depositions, &c., &c."

This charge—sworn to before a notary—is so serious as to demand some notice from the New York Life, and we hope that the officers of the company can make an explanation of the conduct alleged that will be satisfactory. As we go to press, the following despatch appears in the daily papers:—

ST. LOUIS, October 7.—The State Superintendent of Insurance yesterday filed a petition in the Circuit Court asking for an injunction to restrain the Mutual Life Insurance Company from transacting any further business, and especially from issuing any new policies reinsuring any of its risks, or paying out any money whatever. The petition further asks for the appointment of a receiver, and for a decree dissolving the Company and winding up its affairs. The petition is based upon the fact, as the Superintendent alleges, that an examination of the affairs of the Company discloses that its liabilities exceed its assets by $904,955, exclusive of $100,000, the capital stock. A writ of injunction was granted, returnable on the 11th.

We caution our friends against accepting such a statement without confirmation. The actuary of the Insurance Department of Missouri told us a few weeks ago that the result of his valuation gave the company a large surplus, and Superintendent Selby stated that the surplus was $383,000. At the same time, Mr. Fackler made a separate valuation for the policy holders' committee, with a similar result. Let it be remembered, too, that the rule or rule party are desperate enough for any degree of deviltry; and let it not be forgotten that when the present superintendent of the Missouri Department was an agent of the St. Louis Mutual in San Francisco he was reported as a defaulter to the company to a large amount and was dismissed from his position. But meanwhile, we wait to hear further from the wreckers.

At the First Methodist Church.

Sunday night last was just cool enough to make a little wrapping very comfortable. The air was cool, and the night clear and inviting to those who attended Divine services.

The First Church was equally full by 8 o'clock, when services began. Rev. T. Watkins Hicks officiated. His sermon was remarkable for its originality. No one but a Scotchman or Irishman could have perpetrated so many bulls, full of mother wit, as did the distinguished Divine on this occasion. When he said that those who passed through and over the river, would be saved—*if they got there*—there was a broad grin perceptible on almost every face. But interspersed amid those facetious remarks were some of the finest sentiments it has pleased this reporter to listen to. For instance, in one of his flights of eloquence he said: "The humanity of life is the seashore of drifting souls."

The sermon was listened to one hour and twenty-five minutes, with a patience and attention rarely observed. But the delivery of it was so rare and so interesting withal, that time flew on eaglits wings with the vast audience.

THE COURTS.

Medical College Case Before the Superior Court—Grand Jurors for the Present Week—A Heavy Sentence in the United States Court—Judge Cowart After the Gamblers, Etc.

Fulton Superior Court

Met yesterday morning at its regular hour, his Honor Judge Hopkins presiding.

The following gentlemen were sworn to serve upon the Grand Jury the present week:

William Powers, Foreman.

Frank Mills,	John G Pound,
John M. Hill,	John McManiss,
John Cobb,	John W. Covington,
Jasper N Smith,	Joshua A. Plaster,
George G. Cook,	James Smith,
M. T. Simmons,	John A. Nace,
L. M. Bellingrath,	James Holbrook,
James T. Peacock,	James W. Smith,

Leonard L. Levy

Five petit jurors were fined $30 each for being absent when their names were called, and several law yers, who undertook to tell a little joke, and who happened to laugh at the wrong place, paid $5 around for the privilege.

Herman Rogers and Paddock vs. Hixy & Atkins. This case was tried by consent before Colonel N. J. Hammond, Judge pro tem. It was argued by Colonel E. F. Hoge for plaintiff and by Messrs. Mynatt and Newman for the defendants. The jury found for the defendants.

Mr. L. L. Levy made application, and upon taking the usual oath, was commissioned a Notary Public.

The Trustees of the Atlanta Medical College vs J. R. Wallace, et. al., bill to set aside Sheriff's sale, etc., was taken up yesterday. This is an important cause involving the title to the Medical College building. The facts were given in THE CONSTITUTION during the last term of the Court. Colonel Baugh, Judge Ezzard and Colonel T. P. Westmoreland represent the plaintiffs. Colonel L. J. Beckly and Mr. B. F. Abbott for the defense.

Pending the introduction of the plaintiff's testimony, the court adjourned until half past eight o'clock this morning.

The City Court.

The regular October term of the City Court commenced yesterday morning, Judge R. J. Courtney presiding.

Four gentlemen of gaming propensities plead guilty to the charge of keeping houses for the practice of the same. Captain E. P. Howell made a vigorous effort in their behalf for mercy. He obtained it, in the shape of fines of $100 and costs for three of his clients and $75 and costs for the fourth.

The case against Herman Werner, for selling whisky on Sunday, was dismissed, on motion, there being an indictment pending against him for the same offence in the Superior Court.

Upon the conclusion of the above business, the City Court adjourned until nine o'clock to-day.

The United States Court.

The District and Circuit Courts of the United States met yesterday morning, pursuant to adjournment, his Honor Judge Erskine, presiding.

Most of the day was spent in the investigation of the United States vs. Robert Ray. This defendant was indicted by the grand jury on two counts. One for setting up a still, and the other for illicit distilling. The case was warmly argued by Colonel Henry P. Farrow for the Government, and by Messrs. Wimpey and Brown for the defence. The jury found the defendant guilty upon the second count.

After an impressive talk, Judge Erskine sentenced the defendant to be imprisoned in the common jail of Fulton county, for fifteen months, to pay a fine of $2,000 and costs, and to remain in jail until said fine and costs are paid.

The case of the United States vs. Josiah Hollingsworth, charged with illicit distilling, was then taken up. The evidence was introduced, and at the conclusion of the opening argument of Col. Farrow, for the Government, the Court adjourned until 10 A. M. to-day.

Gen. Gartrell and Hon. Amos T. Akerman, speak to-day for the defense.

The cases set for trial to-day are:

The United States vs. William Clark. Illicit distilling.

Lawrence vs. Henderson. Assumpsit.

Same vs. Rogers. Assumpsit.

The Magistrates' courts report nothing of interest for yesterday.

Station House Report.

Two men, by the name of Davis and McCord, were arrested last night for stealing a coat from Messrs. Cohen & Selig. They spent last night at the police headquarters, and will be tried before Justice Butt today. Besides these there were four city arrests.

At Griffin.

The municipal election continues to grow in interest. Colonel Nunnally seems to be the coming man for Mayor. He is a man of nerve, and if elected will make a Mayor of which Griffin would be proud.

HON. WM. MAYSON,

Representative from this county, is very ill, and is not expected to recover. He is a good man, and his place would be hard to fill.

BAPTIST AND METHODIST.

A collection was taken up at the Baptist

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Reading Notices.

CLERGYMEN, Bankers, Bookkeepers, Editors and all others that lead sedentary lives will find much relief from the frequent Headaches, Nervousness and Constipation engendered from want of exercise by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator. It is a harmless vegetable compound; it can do no injury; and numbers who have tried it will confidently assert that it is the best remedy that can be used. oct7-deod1w&w1t

WHY WILL YE DIE?—Death, or what is worse, is the inevitable result of continued suspension of the menstrual flow. It is a condition which should not be trifled with. Immediate relief is the only safeguard against constitutional ruin. In all cases of suppression, suspension or other irregularity of the "courses," Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only sure remedy. It acts by giving tone to the nervous centres, improving the blood and determining directly to the organs of menstruation. It is a legitimate prescription, and the most intelligent Doctors use it. Prepared by J. H. Bradfield, drug gist, Atlanta, Ga; $1 50 per bottle, and sold by respectable druggists everywhere.
TUSKEGEE, ALA.

MR. J. H. BRADFIELD—Sir: Please forward us, immediately, another supply of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR. We find it to be all that is claimed for it, and we have witnessed the most decided and happy effects produced by it. Very respectfully,
HUNTER & ALEXANDER.

I could add a thousand other certificates; but I consider the above amply sufficient proof of its virtue. All I ask is a trial.
J. BRADFIELD, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by all the druggists in Atlanta.
mar30-eodly

NEW LIFE FOR THE LANGUID.—Perfect health is vouchsafed to few. Probably ninety people out of every hundred who call themselves healthy have their "turns" of languor, exhaustion, depression of spirits and bodily pain. At these times a wineglassful of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is as refreshing as "the shadow of a rock in a weary land." It invigorates and rests the system and cheers the mind. The effect of the bitters in cases of nervous debility, produced either by undue physical exertion, over-study, intense anxiety, or any other cause, is wonderfully reviving and invigorating. In fact, this healthful vegetable restorative possesses medicinal properties which entitle it to the rank of an article of prime necessity, and it should be kept on hand in every dwelling, and promptly taken as a remedy for all the milder ailments as well as for more serious complaints.
oct7-deod1w&w1t

FOR LOSS of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms, FERRO-PHOSPHORATED ELIXIR OF CALISAYA, made by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co. New York, and sold by *all* druggists, is the best tonic. As a stimulant tonic for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal. If taken during the season it prevents fever and ague and other intermittent fevers.
sep23—deod4w&w4t

NERVOUS DEBILITY.—A depressed, irritated state of mind; a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling; no energy or animation; confused head, weak memory, often with debilitating, involuntary discharges. The consequence of excesses, mental overwork or indiscretions. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in Humphrey's Homeopathic specific, No 28. It tones up the system arrests discharges dispels the mental gloom and despondency, and rejuvernates the entire system. It is perfectly harmless and always efficient. Price $5, for a package of five boxes and a large $3 vial of powder, which is important in old, serious cases; or $1 per single box Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co., No. 562 Broadway N. Y.
For sale by COLLIER & VENABLE, T. SCHUMANN and HENRY C. POPE,
apr15—d2taw&w1y. Atlanta, Ga.

"DISCRETION is the better part of valor;" but all are not discreet. When attacked by diseases of the kidneys or urinary organs, take the great diuretic, HELMBOLD'S BUCHU. It is warranted. Beware of worthless IMITATIONS. The genuine may be known by the private proprietary stamp of H. T. Helmbold, on each bottle. John F. Henry, New York, Sole Agent. oct7-d&w1w.

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET,
oct3—d1y New York.

OUR MOTHERS, who were the best and tidiest housewives in the world—excepting our grandmothers!—took especial pride in the possession of rows of thaware that glistened like a polished mirror. Every article about their houses susceptible of polish, including the brass knocker, was regularly brightened up until it fairly glistened. With their primitive materials, such as Bath brick, emery, rotten stone, etc., it was a serious labor, albeit one of love. Now-a-days, however, their daughters use Sapolio, and in one hour can polish more articles and do it better than they could in a whole day. If you wish to excel your mothers in the brightness of your kitchen ware, use Sapolio.
oct7—d&w1w

ADVICE FOR EVERYBODY THAT COSTS NOBODY ANYTHING.—Lotion and cosmetics make a superficial coating on the skin, give an artificial color easily seen, but are vitely destructive of the color, texture and pliability of the skin itself. Wrinkled, haggard and prematurely old looking, exactly describe the appearance of those who habitually "paint their faces." If you would have the clear, transparent, healthy and soft tinted complexion which nature gives, free from pimples, tan, freckles, or all other disfigurements, use Hand Sapolio, the most effective and fragrant toilet soap ever manufactured. Sold by all dealers at 10 and 15 cents a cake. oct3—d1w&w1t

AGENTS WANTED everywhere to sell our new and novel Embroidering Machine. Send for illustrated circular, to the McKee Manufacturing Company 399 Broadway, New York. may15-deod&wly.

SOUTHERN NURSERY,

IRWIN & THURMOND.

WE are offering to the public a selection of Fruit adapted to the Southern climate, consisting of Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Quinces, Grapes, etc. Old Floral and Ornamental Shrubbery Department is complete. We have every thing usually found in a well conducted Nursery, and of varieties we have TESTED and KNOW to be suited to the South ern climate. We are DETERMINED to make good stock and sell at REASONABLE prices. All orders by mail attended to with promptness and care. We have reliable agents, either local or traveling, in many localities in this and other States South, and we PREFER, where convenient to our customers, to do our business through them. We will, upon application, furnish gratis our Catalogue and Price List, Address P. O. Box 565, Atlanta, Georgia.
jun6—d1y IRWIN & THURMOND.

GUANO NOTICE TO PLANTERS.

MARK W. JOHNSON, of Atlanta, Georgia, will take Cotton in accordance with contract, in payment of Guano Bonds, at 15 cents for middlings, up to November 1st, after which date this privilege ceases. So please be in time, and avail yourselves of this rare opportunity to get a good price for your Cotton. Parties owing lots than a bale, will ship the bale and the balance will be returned them at the market price. Settle here or with my Agents, who delivered you guano. I am now ready to deliver Guano for another season.

I am now ready to receive, store, ship and buy or sell Cotton for my customers.
sep30-d&w2w

CHAS. A. ELLS. W. W. LANEY.
ELLS & LANEY
DEALERS IN
Fancy & Family Groceries
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Too.
Bar Room and Restaurant, up-stairs, stocked with the Best in the market. Oysters, Fish, Vegetables, etc.
Mulberry Street, Macon, Ga.
aug3—d1f

Wesleyan Female College,
MACON, GA.

THE THIRTY-SIXTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL Begin October 6, 1873.

For Catalogues, containing full information, address REV. E. H. MYERS, D. D.,
President.
G. W. SMITH, Secretary. sep3—d1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ask your druggist for this Remedy. A box of PILLS with each bottle, and is sold. **KRESS** Take no other AGUE CURE—Ask for **FEVER TONIC** for Kress Fever Tonic. It is the safest. **Don't Forget the Warrant.** If it fails to cure you, GET YOUR MONEY BACK.
W. C. HAMILTON & CO.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

A GREAT SENSATION! Agents Wanted. Cash Salary, or Commission allowed. Strictly honorable. Address.
F. A. ELLS & CO., Charlotte, Mich.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE. Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with six cent return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO., 173 Greenwich street, N. Y.

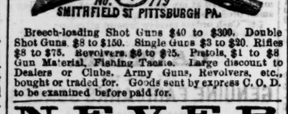
MURDER? No, we would only call attention to our WELL AUGER, with which a man can earn $25 per day in good territory. It bores any diameter and ordinary wells at the rate of 150 feet per day. Farm, Township and County Rights for sale. Descriptive book sent on receipt of 3 cents postage. Address, AUGER COMPANY,
St. Louis, Mo.

FOR PORTABLE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, PAGE'S PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR SAW MILLS.
To cut from 300 to 3,000 feet per hour with one saw. Gang, Muley and Sash Saw Mills, Portable Grist Mills, Leffel's Turbine Water Wheels, and every kind of Machinery accessory to the manufacture of Lumber. Address. GEO. PAGE & CO.,
No. 5 N. Schroeder St., Baltimore, Md.
Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Price list.

WASHINGTON OUTSIDE AND INSIDE.
AGENTS WANTED for a complete history of our National Capital. Its origin, growth, excellencies, abuses, beauties, and personages are all portrayed in that graphic style which has placed the author, GEO. ALF TOWNSEND, among the foremost newspaper correspondents of the time. It gives bold startling, truthful inside views of Washington life, and Congressional and Lobbying Jobbery. Books ready for delivery. Extra terms for this State. Address,
S. M. BETTS & CO., Cincinnati, O.

"DOMESTIC" PAPER FASHIONS.
Agents Wanted.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, NEW YORK.

Write for Large Illustrated Price List. Address.



Breech-loading Shot Guns $40 to $300. Double Shot Guns $8 to $150. Single Guns $3 to $30. Rifles $8 to $75. Revolvers $5 to $25. Pistols $1 to $8 Gun Material, Fishing Tackle. Large discount to Dealers or Clubs. Army Guns, Revolvers, etc., bought or exchanged for. Goods sent by express C. O. D. to be examined before paid for.

NEVER
Neglect a Cough. Nothing is more certain to lay the foundation for future evil consequences. **WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS** are a sure cure for all diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Sore Throat, Colds, Croup, Diptheria, Asthma, Catarrh, Hoarseness, Dryness of the Throat, Windpipe, or Brochial Tubes and all diseases of the Lungs.
In all cases of sudden cold, however taken, these TABLETS should be promptly and freely used. They equalize the circulation of the blood, mitigate the severity of the attack, and will, in a very short time, restore healthy action to the affected organs.
Wells' Carbolic Tablets are put up only in *blue boxes*. Take no substitutes. If they can't be found at your druggist's, **send at once to the Agent in New York,** who will forward them by return mail.
Don't be Deceived by Imitations.
Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 78 Platt street, New York.
Send for Circular. Sole Agents for United States.

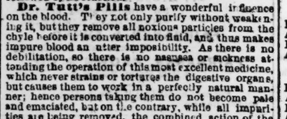
DR. TUTTS VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.
THE ONLY KNOWN MEDICINE,
THAT AT THE SAME TIME
PURGES, PURIFIES AND STRENGTHENS THE SYSTEM.

Dr. Tutt's Pills are composed of many ingredients. Prominent among them are Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry, so united as to act together; the one, through its admixture with other substances, purifying and purging; while the other is strengthening the system. Thus these Pills are at the same time a tonic and a cathartic, a desideratum long sought for by medical men, but never before discovered. In other words, they do the work of two medicines and do it much better than any two we know of, for they remove nothing from the system but impurities, so that while they purge they also strengthen and hence they cause no debility and are followed by no reaction.
Dr. Tutt's Pills have a wonderful influence on the blood. They not only purify without weakening it, but they remove all noxious particles from the chyle before it is converted into fluid, and thus make impure blood an utter impossibility. As there is no debilitation, so there is no nausea or sickness attending the operation of this most excellent medicine, which never strains or tortures the digestive organs, but causes them to work in a perfectly natural manner; hence persons taking them do not become pale and emaciated, but on the contrary, while all impurities are being removed, the combined action of the Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry purifies and invigorates the body, and a robust state of health is the result of their united action. Price 25 cents a box. Sold by all druggists. Depot 43 Courtland street, New York.

The First Division.
OF THE
St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company
OFFER FOR SALE
1,500,000 ACRES!
PRAIRIE, TIMBER AND MEADOW LANDS.
PRICES RANGE FROM
$4 TO $15 PER ACRE!
Ten Years' Credit Given When Desired.
ALSO
TOWN LOTS,
AT MODERATE PRICES IN TOWNS AT RAILROAD STATIONS.
GOVERNMENT LANDS.
still to be had, under Homestead Law, along all lines of this company.
ON THE MAIN LINE,
between Benson and Breckenridge, we also sell
WHOLE SECTIONS AT SIX DOLLARS PER ACRE
On 3½ Years' Time, Free of Interest, on condition that the purchaser breaks the whole section within a year from purchase and plants forty acres in timber, for which the Company will furnish young trees or seed. For particulars address
HERMANN TROTT,
Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minnesota.
sep25-deod4w&w4

FEAGIN & BROTHER,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
MACON SALES AND LIVERY STABLES
Plum st, near Brown House and Passenger Depot.
SPECIAL attention to Transient Stock. Superior accommodations for Drove Stock. Finest Carriages and best Horses for hire.

CHAS. BOHNEFELD,



UNDERTAKER
And Dealer in Metallic Burial Cases
CASKETS AND COFFINS,
Of all sizes and descriptions.
Also Agent for TAYLOR'S CORPSE PRESERVER. Receive orders for carriages at any hour, both day and night. No. 1 DeGive's Opera House, corner Marietta and Forsyth streets.
aug1-d6m

G. & S. SALOSHIN,
Brokers and Bankers.
LOANS NEGOTIATED AT LIBERAL TERMS
No. 12 Peachtree Street, 3 doors north of National Hotel, Atlanta, Ga. apr1-d6mo

10,000 PERSONS READ
The Abbeville Medium,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT
Abbeville Court-House, So. Ca.
A LARGE, handsome sheet of thirty-two columns. A representative of the enterprise, wealth and intelligence of the up country—the most refined and prosperous section of the State. Two dollars per annum, in advance. **In One Day's Travel from Atlanta.** Contracts for advertisements very reasonable. Address
HEMPHILL & CO., Proprietors,
oct5-d1f Abbeville, S. C.

NO COMPETITION PERMITTED.

1854 **G. W. JACK,** 1873
STEAM
Candy and Cracker MANUFACTORY,
THE CHEAPEST AND MOST COMPLETE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE KIND IN THE SOUTH.
CANNED VEGETABLES.
CANNED OYSTERS, POTTED MEATS, CANNED FRUITS, BASKETS, TOYS, TRUNKS, CRACKERS CANDIES, IN ANY QUANTITY
Western and Northern Orders Duplicated. sep25-d1

Atlantic Coast Line Passenger Route!
REORGANIZED FOR THE SUMMER OF 1873.
DAILY ALL RAIL CONNECTION
—VIA—
AUGUSTA, WILMINGTON, RICHMOND,
AND AN ADDITIONAL DAILY CONNECTION VIA
Augusta, Wilmington and Portsmouth,
—AND THE—
MAGNIFICENT BAY LINE STEAMERS,
CLOSE CONNECTION, WITH WHICH, IS MADE AT PORTSMOUTH, VIRGINIA.

The equipment of the Roads of this line is First-Class;
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars Are Upon All Night Trains.
DOUBLE Daily Schedules are operated upon this entire route, from New Orleans and all terminal points in Alabama and Georgia.
By taking morning train out of Savannah, Macon or Atlanta, passengers connect with the 5:30 P. M. train out of Augusta, and can choose between all the connections via Richmond, or the route up Chesapeake Bay, having, in the latter case,
But One Night Railway Travel
NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN AUGUSTA AND WILMINGTON.
Elegant Palace Day and Sleeping Cars run through without change from Weldon to Baltimore.
Through Tickets to all prominent points on sale by both routes at all terminal points South. Also, full line of Virginia Springs and Excursion Tickets to Attractive Summer Resorts.
Through Tickets to Cincinnati and all principle points West via Richmond and Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.
Buy Your Tickets via Wilmington, and be Sure They Read that Way.
And be assured you will make close connections—this being the most certain and reliable route.
Remember that this is the Only Route
that Gives the Bay Line Connection.
For Time Schedules, Price Lists, and all information, apply to the following named agents of the line
C. I. TROWBRIDGE, Southern Passenger Agent,
H. M. COTTINGHAM, General Western Agent, Atlanta.
F. W. CLARE, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
A. POPE, G. P. & T. A., Wilmington, N. C.
may3-d6m

WILLIAM RICH & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
Notions, Fancy Goods, Millinery and White Goods,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
N. B.—We Duplicate New York Bills.
sep14—dtf

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.
ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Air-Line Railroad.
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5 30 P M
Arrive at Charlotte	7 39 A M
Leave Charlotte	8 38 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	12 48 P M

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5 21 A M
Arrive at Charlotte	6 54 A M
Leave Charlotte	5 03 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	6 48 A M

Georgia Railroad.
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.30 o'clock A. M
Leaves Atlanta	8.15 " A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.45 " P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.30 " P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	2.15 P. M
Leaves Atlanta	6.00 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.30 P. M
Arrives at Augusta	3.35 A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 45 A. M
Arrives Atlanta	8 00 A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	6 15 P. M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	6:00 P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	1:10 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8:30 A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4:23 P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	3:45 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11:20 P. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	5:45 A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1:20 P. M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	6:30 P. M
Arrives at Dalton	12:30 A. M
Leaves Dalton	12:40 A. M
Arrives in Atlanta	9:50 A. M

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	11 20 P M
Arrives at West Point	4 10 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point	1 40 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4 40 P M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leave Atlanta	12 30 P M
Arrive at West Point	8 30 P M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leave West Point	3 05 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	9 30 A M

Macon and Western Railroad.
DAILY ACCOMMODATION EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

Leaves Atlanta	7.00 A M
Leaves Macon	9:10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5:45 P M
Arrives at Macon	8:00 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	7:40 P M
Leaves Macon	11:00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	6:45 A M
Arrives at Macon	7:30 P M

PULLUM & LOW,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
(Successors to Heard, Craig & Co.,)
At the old stand of Pemberton, Taylor & Co.,
28 KIMBALL HOUSE, DECATUR STREET,
Atlanta, Georgia.
John Daniel and Lucien Smith will be pleased to see and wait on their old friends.
aug17-dsun&wed1f

NEW MILLINERY
MRS. McCORMICK will have a grand opening of her large stock of Millinery Goods, which has just arrived from New York, on the 6th instant. She has a large assortment of Ladies' Kid Gloves, ranging from 75 cents to $2 00 per pair. Everything in the Millinery line will be found at
MRS. McCORMICK'S,
oct5-d1m Whitehall Street.

W. B. HUDSON, of Louisville, Ky. J. W. HIGHTOWER, of Griffin.
HUDSON & HIGHTOWER,
Livery, Sale and Feed Stable.
EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.
Good Shed Lots for Drovers.
All kinds of Vehicles to hire at reasonable prices.
Next the Passenger Depot,
Griffin, Georgia.
jun15-d1f

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!

VIA
ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!
TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.
RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train.
CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.
The Eating Houses
On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.
CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.
The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.
Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta TO Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York BY Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.
Fare as Low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.
PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS
ON
ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.
Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steamships,
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.
The Charleston Steamships
Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are
Unrivaled on the Coast.
Through Tickets on Sale at MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA TO NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
E. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
an24-dtf

SAVANNAH FAIR,
THE THIRD
ANNUAL EXPOSITION
OF THE
Agricultural and Mechanical Association of Georgia,
COMMENCING
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 17,
—AND—
Continuing During the Week.
THE GROUNDS and RACE COURSE are in splendid order, and the BUILDINGS the most substantial and commodious in the country. The Exhibition will be divided into Departments of
LIVE STOCK, PRODUCTS OF THE SOIL, DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES, MANUFACTURES IN COTTON, WOOL, SILK, LINEN, IRON, BRASS, STEEL, GOLD, SILVER, LEATHER, PAPER, FIBRE, ETC. ETC.
In fact, everything pertaining to AGRICULTURE, MECHANICS and the FINE ARTS.
$8,000 IN MEDALS PLATE & MONEY
TO BE AWARDED.
Exhibitors are required to make their entries, and have their articles in position at an early day as practicable, that they may be properly arranged in their respective departments.
For Premium Lists and other information, address the Secretary
GEO. S. OWENS, President.
J. H. ESTILL, Secretary. sep26-deod&w6w

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT!
The Orchard Farm for Sale!
THIS VALUABLE PLANTATION, KNOWN AS THE J. D. SMITH PLACE, IS SITUATED TWO and three-quarter miles South of Marietta, Georgia, two miles from Smyrna, and one-half mile from Western and Atlantic Railroad, contains 430 acres land, about half open, 187 acres in cultivation, well watered with several streams running through it, on which there is 30 or 40 acres bottom land; it has several springs and wells of excellent freestone water on it, a seven room Frame Dwelling, on a beautiful and healthy location, outbuildings and six tenant houses now occupied by renters. There are 24 acres Apple Orchard now bearing, mostly good winter varieties. This orchard alone has been paying from 15 to 20 per cent. annually on the value of the place.
Also, ONE RESIDENT AND BUSINESS LOT in South Rome, Georgia, lying joining, fronting on Main street, containing one-half acre each. The former has a three room Dwelling, piezo in front, finished and painted, cow house and lot, a No. 1 garden and well of water. The latter has a frame store house, finished and painted, wagon yard, wagoner's house, stables for stock, two wells of water and good fencing and gates. improvements all new. Come at once and secure bargains. For further information address the undersigned at Marietta or Rome, Georgia, or apply to parties on the premises of the places.
sep8—dtf T. F. SMITH.

W. & E. P. TAYLOR,
Macon, Georgia,
DEALERS IN FURNITURE
OF ALL GRADES, FROM THE VERY BEST MANUFACTURERS.
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Etc.,
AT THE LOWEST FIGURES FOR CASH.

METALLIC AND WOOD BURIAL CASES,
Of the latest styles, beautifully finished, at prices warranted to give satisfaction. aug31—dtf

CASH ADVANCES.
MADE ON
CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON
TO
Our Friends In Liverpool and Other Foreign Markets.
APPLY TO
J. SIBLEY & SONS, COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
oct12—d1w **Augusta, Georgia.**

LOOK AT THIS!
CHEAP DRUGS AND MEDICINES!
NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY!
I HAVE on hand a large and select stock of PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, PATENT MEDICINES AND FANCY ARTICLES, which I am now offering for sale, "Cheap for the Money." Also, a beautiful assortment of PERFUMERY, COLOGNES, POMADES, EXTRACTS, TOILET SOAPS, COMBS, HAIR, TOOTH AND NAIL BRUSHES, and other articles generally. Agent for Humphy's Homapathic Medicines All the above I propose to sell at reduced prices, wholesale and retail. Come and see. Remember the place.
HENRY C. POPE,
oct16-d2w Druggist, Whitehall street.

The Great Southern Freight and Passenger Route
TO AND FROM NEW YORK,
VIA
Savannah, Ga.

THE FIRST CLASS SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIPS OF THIS LINE SAIL FROM SAVANNAH AND New York, in connection with the CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, make as quick time and have superior accommodations for passengers to any steam ships on the Southern Coast.
THROUGH FREIGHTS carried at as low rates as any other route. ALL CLAIMS for loss, damage, or overcharge, settled promptly.
Passage from Atlanta to New York - - - - $27 50
Meals and State Rooms Included.
EXCURSION TICKETS.
To New York and Return, Good until 1st Oct. - $45 00.
Meals and Staterooms Included.
SUMPTUOUS Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains for Savannah. Passengers by this route should leave Atlanta on 1:40 P M. train for Macon, the day before the Steamers sail from Savannah. All other information furnished on application to undersigned.
GEO. A. McCLESKEY, Traveling Agent, Steamship Co.'s, Office No. 4, Kimball House
Atlanta, June 14, 1873. 3m

IRON WAREHOUSE
OF THE
Scofield Rolling Mill Company
Atlanta, Georgia.
NO. 28 PEACHTREE STREET
Bar Iron of all kinds, warranted equal to any made, wholesale and retail at 4½c. rater.
Call and examine the stock and get a Price List.
sep2—d&wtf

D. F. FLEMING. JAMES M. WILSON
3,000 CASES BOOTS AND SHOES
For Fall Trade.
WE are now receiving from the Manufacturers a very large and well selected stock of BOOTS, SHOES and TRUNKS of every description, which will be sold as low as in any other market.
Merchants visiting Charleston are invited to examine our stock.
D. F. FLEMING & CO.,
No. 2 HAYNE STREET, CORNER OF CHURCH STREET.
SAMUEL A NELSON. JAMES GILFILLIN.
aug26-2m

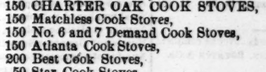
THE COMMONWEALTH
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK CITY,
Does business upon popular plans that the people can comprehend, and at the minimum rates of all first class companies.
The "Commonwealth" is Safe, Popular and Prompt,
WITH A PRACTICAL AND ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.
THOMAS U. CONNER,
Georgia, Manager of the Georgia Department.
Equitable Savings Bank Plan. sep3—d1awly

J. S. OLIVER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner Alabama and Forsyth Streets,
Atlanta.....Georgia.
KEEP ON HAND
Corn, Meal, Oats, Flour, Bran, Bacon, Lard, Bagging and Ties.
We solicit consignments of Cotton, and are prepared to sell same at highest market price and to make liberal advances. sep14—d1yr

ADAIR & BROTHERS
Commission Merchants
—AND—
Wholesale Dealers in Grain, Hay, Flour, Provisions, Feathers, Etc.
AGENTS FOR FERTILIZERS, NEXT DOOR TO CORNER OF ALABAMA AND FORSYTH STREETS.
We take pleasure in announcing to the public generally that we have one of the Largest and Most Convenient Storage Houses in the city, and will store PRODUCE and COTTON upon reasonable terms.
NO CHARGE FOR DRAYAGE IN CAR LOAD LOTS (except to the Air-Line Depot.) PLANTERS AND MERCHANTS WOULD DO WELL TO CONSIGN THEIR COTTON TO US FOR SALE.
Respectfully, ADAIR & BROTHERS.
N. B. Merchants will please remember we are exclusive agents for Dunn & Brown's Flour. sep26-dtf

The Live Stove House of the South.
I have returned from the East, where I have purchased
THE LARGEST AND MOST VARIED STOCK
—OF—
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,
AND WOODEN WARE,
Tin Plate, Sheet Iron & Tinners' Findings,
HOLLOW-WARE AND STOVES,
Ever Brought to this Market.
I have now in Stock and expect to arrive soon,
20,000 pounds No. 26 and 27 Stove Pipe Iron,
10,000 pounds No. 26 and 27 Pan Iron,
20 bundles Russia Iron,
200 bundles assorted Wire,
1,000 pounds Block Tin,
1,000 pounds Solder,
750 Jno. Savory's Light English Ware—
Wash Pots and Dinner Pots—assorted sizes.
2,000 Stove Pots—assorted sizes,
1,000 Waffle Irons,
2,000 Tea Kettles,
2,000 Fry Pans,
2,000 Griddles,
4,000 pounds Sad Irons,
1,000 Ovens, Skillets and Lids—Jno. Savory's Light English Ware,
250 Loyal Cook Stoves,
150 CHARTER OAK COOK STOVES,
150 Matchless Cook Stoves,
150 No. 6 and 7 Demand Cook Stoves,
150 Atlanta Cook Stoves,
200 Best Cook Stoves,
50 Star Cook Stoves,
350 Heating Stoves—all styles and sizes,
250 Coal Hods,
500 Grates—Plain and Enamelled,
50 Fluting Machines—Latest Improved Styles,
50 Fancy Coal Hods and Vases,
350 dozen Juniper Buckets,
150 dozen Blue Buckets,
150 nests Tubs,
100 dozen Sifters,
50 dozen Coffee Mills,
25 dozen Heavy Horse Buckets,
50 dozen Bread Trays,
50 nests Wood Bowls,
100 nests Wood Measures,
50 racks Sugar Boxes,
25 nests Flour Pails,
50 dozen Brooms,
500 Brittania Dippers,
The largest lot of TIN-WARE ever in the city.
An elegant stock of PLATED WARE AND TABLE CUTLERY,
I am prepared to offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO MERCHANTS and DEALERS.
Thanking the public for past patronage I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.
L. B. LANGFORD,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.
aug31—dtf

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE
VIA
CHARLESTON, S. C
TO AND FROM
BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON,
AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES



THREE TIMES A WEEK FROM NEW YORK
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS
ELEGANT STATE-ROOM ACCOMMODATIONS.
Sea Voyage Ten to Twelve Hours Shorter Via Charleston
The South Carolina Railroad Company,
And connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to the above, invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the United States at the
PORT OF CHARLESTON.
Offering facilities of Rail road and Sea Transportation for Freight and Passengers not excelled in excellence and capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the Line:
TO NEW YORK.
MANHATTAN.....M. S. Woodhull, Commander
CHAMPION.....R. W. Lockwood, Commander
CARLESTON.....James Berry, Commander
JAMES ADGER.....T. J. Lockwood, Commander
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.
GEORGIA.....S. Crowell, Commander
SOUTH CAROLINA.....T. J. Beckett, Commander
WAGNER, HUGER & CO. WM. A. COURTENAY, Agents, Charleston, S. C.
TO PHILADELPHIA
Iron Steamships
ASHLAND.....Alex. Hunter, Commander
EQUATOR.....C. Hinckley, Commander
SAILING DAYS—FRIDAYS.
WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.
Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.
TO BALTIMORE.
FALCON.....Hainie, Commander
VIRGINIA.....Johnson, Commander
SEA GULL.....Dutton, Commander
SAILING DAYS—EVERY FIFTH DAY
PAUL C. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.
TO BOSTON.
STEAMSHIPS MERCEDITA and FLAG, sails every Saturday.
JAS. ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.
Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine Insurance one-half of 1 per cent.
Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets
Can be had at all the principal Railroad Offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi.
State-Rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of Steamships, Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases the Railroad Tickets should be exchanged and Berths assigned. Through Tickets by this Route includes Transfers, Meals and State Room, while on Shipboard.
THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD,
GEORGIA RAILROAD,
And their connecting Lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of Freight and Passengers between the Northern Cities and the South and West. First-Class Eating Saloons are attached to the Trains on the Georgia & South Carolina Railroad First-Class Sleeping Cars.
Freight promptly transferred from steamer to day and night trains of the South Carolina Railroad. Close connection made with other roads